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## **PCT**

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#### (57) Abstract

The invention provides a novel surface polypeptide from Neisseria meningitidis as well as nucleic acid and nucleic acid sequence homologues encoding this protein. Pharmaceutical compositions containing the polypeptide and nucleic acids of the invention are also disclosed as well as methods useful in the treatment, prevention and diagnosis of N. meningitidis infection.

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#### TITLE

#### "NOVEL SURFACE ANTIGEN"

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to novel polypeptides as for example obtainable from Neisseria meningitidis, to nucleotide sequences encoding such polypeptides, to the use of these in diagnostics, in therapeutic and prophylactic vaccines and in the design and/or screening of medicaments.

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Neisseria meningitidis is a Gram-negative bacterium and the causative agent of meningococcal meningitis and septicemia. Its only known host is the human, and it may be carried asymptomatically by approximately 10% of the population (Caugant, D. et al, 1994, Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 32:323-30).

N. meningitidis may express a polysaccharide allows classification this and capsule, bacteria according to the nature of the capsule There are at least thirteen serogroups of expressed. N. meningitidis: A,B,C,29-E,H,I,K,L,W135,X,Y and Z, of serogroups A, В, and С cause 90% of which meningococcal disease (Poolman, J.T. et al, 1995, Infectious Agents and Disease, 4:13-28). Vaccines directed against serogroups A and C are available, but the serogroup B capsular polysaccharide is poorly immunogenic and does not induce protection in humans.

Other membrane and extracellular components are therefore being examined for their suitability for

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inclusion in vaccines. Examples include the outer membrane proteins of classes 1, 2 and 3 (porins), and classes 4 (Rmp) and 5 (Opacity proteins). However, to date, none of these candidates is able to induce complete protection, particularly in children (Romero, J.D., 1994, Clinical Microbiology Review, 7:559-575; Poolman, J.T. et al, 1995, supra).

create an effective vaccine, it is To necessary to identify components of N. meningitidis which are present in a majority of strains, and which are capable of inducing a protective immune response In this regard, reference (bactericidal antibodies). et al. (International Brodeur made to Publication WO 96/29412) who disclose a 22 kDa surface protein which is highly conserved across 99% of all known strains of N. meningitidis. Injection of purified recombinant 22 kDa surface protein protected 80% of immunized mice against development of a lethal Notwithstanding the infection by N. meningitidis. discovery of this protein, there is still a need to isolate more surface proteins of N. meningitidis which are highly conserved across a plurality of strains, and which have immuno-protective profiles against N. meningitidis, and/or which may be used in combination with other components of N. meningitidis to enhance the efficacy of protection against this organism.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present inventors have discovered a new gene which is present in all tested strains of N. meningitidis and which encodes a novel polypeptide having a predicted molecular weight of about 62 kDa. Based upon its sequence characteristics and homologies, this polypeptide is predicted to be an

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adhesin and this, together with experimental data suggests that it constitutes a surface protein which may be useful for the production of therapeutic and/or prophylactic vaccines against *N. meningitidis* as described hereinafter.

Accordingly, in one aspect of the invention, there is provided an isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- 10 (a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
  - (b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
  - (c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
  - (d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
  - (e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
  - (f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO
     13;
  - (g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
  - (h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
  - (i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19; and
  - (j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO21.

Preferably, said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative displays immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- 30 (i) N. meningitidis;
  - (ii) said polypeptide;
  - (iii) said fragment;
  - (iv) said variant; and
  - (v) said derivative;

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According to another aspect, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of said fragment or polypeptide, according to the first-mentioned aspect. Suitably, said sequence is selected from the group consisting of:

- (1) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 1;
- (2) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 3;
- (3) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 4;
- (4) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 6;
- (5) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 8;
- (6) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 10;
- (7) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 12;
- (8) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 14;
- (9) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 16;
- (10) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 18;
- (11) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 20;
- (12) a nucleotide sequence fragment of any one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; and

(13) a nucleotide sequence homologue of any of the foregoing sequences

Preferably, said sequences encode a product displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- (i) N. meningitidis;
- (ii) said polypeptide of the firstmentioned aspect;
- (iii) said fragment of said first-mentioned
   aspect;
- (iv) said variant of said first-mentioned
   aspect; and
- (v) said derivative of said firstmentioned aspect.

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In yet another aspect, the invention resides in an expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to the second-mentioned aspect wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a host cell containing an expression vector according to the third-mentioned aspect.

In yet a further aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of producing a recombinant polypeptide according to the first-mentioned aspect, said method comprising the steps of:

- (A) culturing a host cell containing an expression vector according to the third-mentioned aspect such that said recombinant polypeptide is expressed from said nucleic acid; and
- (B) isolating said recombinant polypeptide.
- In a still further aspect, the invention provides an antibody or fragment thereof that binds to one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-
  - (1) N. meningitidis;
  - (2) said polypeptide of the first-mentioned aspect;
  - (3) said fragment of the first-mentioned aspect;
  - (4) said variant of the first-mentioned aspect; and
  - (5) said derivative of the first-mentioned aspect.

In yet another aspect, the invention provides a method of detecting *N. meningitidis* in a biological

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sample suspected of containing same, said method
comprising the steps of:-

- (A) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
- (B) mixing the above-mentioned antibody or fragment with the biological sample to form a mixture; and
- (C) detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which indicates the presence of N. meningitidis.

According to a further aspect, there is provided a method of detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample suspected of containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps of:-

- (I) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
- (II) detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to the second-mentioned aspect in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.

The invention further contemplates a method for diagnosing infection of patients by N.

meningitidis, said method comprising the steps of:-

- (1) contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention; and
- 30 (2) determining the presence or absence of a complex between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and N. meningitidis-specific antibodies in said sample, wherein the presence of

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said complex is indicative of said infection.

The invention also extends to the use of the polypeptide according to the first-mentioned aspect, the use of the nucleic acids according to the second-mentioned aspect or the use of the antibody or antibody fragment mentioned above in a kit for detecting N. meningitidis bacteria in a biological sample.

further aspect of the According to a invention, there is provided а pharmaceutical an isolated polypeptide comprising composition fragment thereof, or a variant or derivative of these, according to the first mentioned aspect.

Preferably, said pharmaceutical composition is a vaccine.

In yet a further aspect, the invention provides a method of preventing infection of a patient by N. meningitidis, comprising the step of administrating a pharmaceutically effective amount of the above-mentioned vaccine.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method of identifying an immunoreactive fragment of a polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to the first mentioned aspect, comprising the steps of:-

- (a) generating a fragment of said polypeptide, variant or derivative;
- (b) administering said fragment to a mammal; and
- detecting an immune response in said (c) which response includes mammal production of elements which specifically bind N. meningitidis and/or said polypeptide, variant

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derivative, and/or a protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

"FIG. 1 depicts plasmid maps and cloning strategy. Primers A3A and A3B (SEQ ID NOS 28 and 29, respectively) were used to amplify from MC58 the region identified in the TIGR database as a homologue of AIDA-I". PCR product was cloned to give pNMAIDA3. Primers A3C (SEQ ID NO 30) and A3D (SEQ ID NO 31) were used in inverse PCR to amplify a 3kbp EagI fragment encompassing hiaNm. This product was cloned to give piEAGA3 was subcloned to give piEagA3.8 and piEagA3.9. Primers HiaNm:M and HiaNm:P (SEQ ID NOS 22 23, respectively) were used to amplify the contiguous region from MC58 and the product cloned to Primers Hia-MBPA (SEQ ID NO 24) and create pHiaNm. Hia-MBPB (SEQ ID NO 25) were used to amplify the open reading frame of hiaNm, and the product was cloned into pMALC2 to create pMBP-HiaNm;

rig. 2 is a Southern blot of genomic DNA of a number of strains of N. meningitidis. 2A: serogroup B strains. Lane 1 PMC28, Lane 2 PMC27, Lane 3 PMC25, Lane 4 PMC24, Lane 5 PMC16, Lane 6 PMC13, Lane 7 PMC12, Lane 8 MWt standards, Lane 9 2970, Lane 10 1000, Lane 11 528 Lane 12 SWZ107, Lane 13 H41, Lane 14 H38, Lane 15 NGH36, Lane 16 H15, Lane 17 NGG40, Lane 18 NGF26, Lane 19 NGE30, Lane 20 Lane NGE28 2B: Strains of serogroups other than B. Lane 1 PMC3, Lane 2 PMC17, Lane 3 PMC20, Lane 4 PMC23, Lane 5 PMC8, Lane 6 PMC9, Lane 7 PMC11, Lane 8 PMC14, Lane 9 PMC18, Lane 10 PMC21, Lane 11 PMC29, Lane 12 MWt standards, Lane 13 PMC19, Lane 14 PMC1, Lane 15 PMC6, Lane 16 PMC10, Lane 17 PMC22, Lane 18 PMC26, Lane 19 PMC2. Molecular

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weight markers indicated in kilobase pairs (kb). Genomic DNA was hybridized with a probe corresponding to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1;

FIG. 3 shows a Coomassie stained gel of MBP-HiaNm. Cells containing pMALC2 (Lane 2) or pMBP-HiaNm (Lane 3) after induction with IPTG. Lane 1 molecular weight standards (kDa). Arrows indicate MBP and MBP-HiaNm;

FIG. 4 is a western blot of MC58 and MC58 $\Delta$ HiaNm proteins incubated with rabbit immune sera. Lane 1; molecular weight standards indicated in kDa, Lane 2 total cellular protein of MC58, Lane 3 total cellular protein of MC58 $\Delta$ HiaNm Lane 4, OMC preparation of MC58, Lane 5 OMC preparation of MC58 $\Delta$ HiaNm, each lane contained 50  $\mu$ L of protein suspension of A<sub>280</sub>= 3.75;

FIG. 5 shows a Coomassie stained gel run in parallel to the gel that was Western blotted in FIG 4.

Lanes are the same as for FIG 4;

20 FIG. 6 shows a sequence comparison of polypeptides of HiaNm, Hia, Hsf using the PILEUP alignment program; and

FIG. 7 shows a sequence comparison of polypeptide sequences of HiaNm from 10 strains of N. meningitidis using the PILEUP program

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Throughout specification this and the claims, unless the context requires appendant otherwise, the words "comprise", "comprises" "comprising" will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers.

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#### Polypeptide sequences

The present invention provides an isolated polypeptide according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21, or fragment respectively thereof, or variant or derivative of these. In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide, fragments, variants and derivatives of the invention display immunological activity against any one member selected from the group consisting of N. meningitidis, said polypeptide, said fragment, said variant and said derivative.

SEQ ID NO 2 corresponds to the novel about 62 kDa surface polypeptide of the hiaNm gene obtained from N. meningitidis strain MC58, as described more fully hereinafter. SEQ ID NOS 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, and 21 correspond to homologous polypeptides deduced from nucleotide sequences obtained from N. meningitidis strains BZ10, BZ198, EG327, EG329, H15, H38, H41, P20, and PMC21, respectively.

For the purposes of this invention, the term "immunological activity" refers to the ability of the aforementioned polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative to produce an immune response in a mammal to which it is administered, wherein the response includes the production of elements which specifically bind N. meningitidis and/or said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative, and/or a protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.

By "isolated" is meant material which is substantially or essentially free from components which normally accompany it in its native state.

By "polypeptide" is meant long chain peptides including proteins.

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As used herein, the term "fragment" includes deletion mutants and small peptides, for example of at least 6, preferably at least 10 and more preferably at 20 amino acids length, least in which comprise antigenic determinants or epitopes. Several fragments may be joined together. Peptides of this may be obtained through the application recombinant nucleic acid standard techniques or synthesized using conventional liquid or solid phase For example, reference may be synthesis techniques. made to solution synthesis or solid phase synthesis as described, for example, in Chapter 9 entitled "Peptide Synthesis" by Atherton and Shephard which is included in a publication entitled "Synthetic Vaccines" edited by Nicholson and published by Blackwell Scientific Publications. Alternatively, peptides can be produced by digestion of a polypeptide of the invention with proteinases such as endoLys-C, endoArg-C, endoGlu-C V8-protease. The digested staphylococcins and fragments can be purified by, for example, performance liquid chromatographic (HPLC) techniques.

The term "variant" refers to polypeptides in which one or more amino acids have been replaced by different amino acids. It is well understood in the art that some amino acids may be changed to others with broadly similar properties without changing the nature of the activity of the polypeptide (conservative substitutions). Exemplary conservative substitutions in the polypeptide may be made according to the following table:

TABLE 1

Original Residue	Exemplary Substitutions
Ala	Ser

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Arg	Lys
Asn	Gln, His
Asp	Glu
Cys	Ser
Gln	Asn
Glu	Asp
Gly	Pro
His	Asn, Gln
Ile	Leu, Val
Leu	Ile, Val
Lys	Arg, Gln, Glu
Met	Leu, Ile,
Phe	Met, Leu, Tyr
Ser	Thr
Thr	Ser
Trp	туг
Tyr	Trp, Phe
Val	Ile, Leu

Substantial changes in function are made by selecting substitutions that are less conservative than those shown in TABLE 1. Other replacements would be non-conservative substitutions and relatively fewer tolerated. Generally, mav be substitutions which are likely to produce the greatest changes in a polypeptide's properties are those in which (a) a hydrophilic residue (e.g., Ser or Thr) is substituted for, or by, a hydrophobic residue (e.g., Ala, Leu, Ile, Phe or Val); (b) a cysteine or proline is substituted for, or by, any other residue; (c) a residue having an electropositive side chain (e.g., Arg, His or Lys) is substituted for, or by, electronegative residue (e.g., Glu or Asp) or (d) a residue having a bulky side chain (e.g., Phe or Trp) is substituted for, or by, one having a smaller side chain (e.g., Ala, Ser) or no side chain (e.g., Gly).

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In general, variants will be at least 75% homologous, more suitably at least 80%, preferably at least 85%, and most preferably at least 90% homologous to the basic sequences as for example shown in SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21. is defined as the percentage number of amino acids constitute which identical or conservative are substitutions as defined in Table 1. Homology may be determined using sequence comparison programs such as GAP (Deveraux et al. 1984, Nucleic Acids Research 12, 387-395) which is incorporated herein by reference. In this way sequences of a similar or substantially different length to those cited herein may be compared by insertion of gaps into the alignment, such gaps being determined, for example, by the comparison algorithm used by GAP. What constitutes suitable variants may be determined by conventional techniques. example, nucleic acids encoding polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 can be mutated using either random mutagenesis for example using transposon mutagenesis, or sitedirected mutagenesis. The resultant DNA fragments are then cloned into suitable expression hosts such as E. coli using conventional technology and clones which retain the desired activity are detected. Where the clones have been derived using random mutagenesis techniques, positive clones would have to be sequenced in order to detect the mutation. The term "variant" also includes naturally occurring allelic variants.

By "derivative" is meant a polypeptide which has been derived from the basic sequence by modification, for example by conjugation or complexing with other chemical moieties or by post-translational modification techniques as would be understood in the

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Such derivatives include amino acid deletions art. and/or additions to polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 or variants thereof wherein said derivatives retain immunological "Additions" of amino acids may include activity. fusion of the polypeptides or variants thereof with other polypeptides or proteins. In this regard, will be appreciated that the polypeptides or variants the invention may be incorporated into larger polypeptides, and such larger polypeptides may also be expected to retain immunological activity against, for meningitidis. The polypeptides N. example, described above may be fused to a further protein, for example, which is not derived from N. meningitidis. The other protein may, by way of example, assist in the purification of the protein. For instance a polyhistidine tag, or a maltose binding protein may be used in this respect as described in more detail Alternatively, it may produce an below. response which is effective against N. meningitidis or it may produce an immune response against another Other possible fusion proteins are those pathogen. immunomodulatory response. an which produce Particular examples of such proteins include Protein A or glutathione S-transferase (GST). In addition, the polypeptide may be fused to an oligosaccharide based vaccine component where it acts as a carrier protein.

derivatives contemplated by the Other invention include, but are not limited to, modification to side chains, incorporation unnatural amino acids and/or their derivatives during peptide, polypeptide or protein synthesis and the use crosslinkers and other methods which impose conformational polypeptides, constraints on the fragments and variants of the invention.

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Examples side chain of modifications contemplated by the invention present include modifications of amino groups such as by acylation with acetic anhydride; acylation of amino groups with succinic anhydride and tetrahydrophthalic anhydride; amidination with methylacetimidate; carbamoylation of amino groups with cyanate; pyridoxylation of lysine with pyridoxal-5-phosphate followed by reduction with reductive alkylation by reaction with NaBH<sub>4</sub>; reduction with NaBH<sub>4</sub>; aldehvde followed by and trinitrobenzylation of amino groups with 2, 4, 6trinitrobenzene sulphonic acid (TNBS).

The carboxyl group may be modified by carbodiimide activation via O-acylisourea formation followed by subsequent derivitization, by way of example, to a corresponding amide.

The guanidine group of arginine residues may be modified by formation of heterocyclic condensation products with reagents such as 2,3-butanedione, phenylglyoxal and glyoxal.

Sulphydryl groups may be modified by methods such as performic acid oxidation to cysteic acid; derivatives using 4of mercurial formation acid, 4chloromercuriphenylsulphonic chloromercuribenzoate; 2-chloromercuri-4-nitrophenol, phenylmercury chloride, and other mercurials; formation of a mixed disulphides with other thiol compounds; reaction with maleimide, maleic anhydride substituted maleimide; carboxymethylation or other iodoacetic acid or iodoacetamide; and with carbamovlation with cyanate at alkaline pH.

Tryptophan residues may be modified, for example, by alkylation of the indole ring with 2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzyl bromide or sulphonyl halides or by oxidation with N-bromosuccinimide.

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Tyrosine residues, may be modified by nitration with tetranitromethane to form a 3-nitrotyrosine derivative.

The imidazole ring of a histidine residue may be modified by N-carbethoxylation with diethylpyrocarbonate or by alkylation with iodoacetic acid derivatives.

Examples of incorporating unnatural amino acids and derivatives during peptide synthesis include but are not limited to, use of 4-amino butyric acid, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-5-6-aminohexanoic acid, acid, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-6phenylpentanoic acid, t-butylglycine, norleucine, methylheptanoic norvaline, phenylglycine, ornithine, sarcosine, 2thienyl alanine and/or D-isomers of amino acids. list of unnatural amino acids contemplated by the present invention is shown in TABLE 2.

TABLE 2

Non-conventional amino acid	Non-conventional amino acid				
α-aminobutyric acid	L-N-methylalanine				
α-amino-α-methylbutyrate	L-N-methylarginine				
aminocyclopropane-carboxylate	L-N-methylasparagine				
aminoisobutyric acid	L-N-methylaspartic acid				
aminonorbornyl-carboxylate	L-N-methylcysteine				
cyclohexylalanine	L-N-methylglutamine				
cyclopentylalanine	L-N-methylglutamic acid				
L-N-methylisoleucine	L-N-methylhistidine				
D-alanine	L-N-methylleucine				
D-arginine	L-N-methyllysine				
D-aspartic acid	L-N-methylmethionine				
D-cysteine	L-N-methylnorleucine				
D-glutamate	L-N-methylnorvaline				
D-glutamic acid	L-N-methylornithine				
D-histidine	L-N-methylphenylalanine				
D-isoleucine	L-N-methylproline				
D-leucine	L-N-medlylserine				

D-lysine L-N-methylthreonine D-methionine L-N-methyltryptophan D-ornithine L-N-methyltyrosine D-phenylalanine L-N-methylvaline L-N-methylethylglycine D-proline D-serine L-N-methyl-t-butylglycine D-threonine L-norleucine D-tryptophan L-norvaline D-tyrosine α-methyl-aminoisobutyrate D-valine  $\alpha$ -methyl- $\gamma$ -aminobutyrate  $D-\alpha$ -methylalanine a-methylcyclohexylalanine α-methylcylcopentylalanine D-α-methylarginine  $\alpha$ -methyl- $\alpha$ -napthylalanine  $D-\alpha$ -methylasparagine  $D-\alpha$ -methylaspartate  $\alpha$ -methylpenicillamine N-(4-aminobutyl)glycine  $D-\alpha$ -methylcysteine N-(2-aminoethyl)glycine  $D-\alpha$ -methylglutamine N-(3-aminopropyl)glycine D-α-methylhistidine D-α-methylisoleucine  $N-amino-\alpha-methylbutyrate$ α-napthylalanine D-α-methylleucine N-benzylglycine  $D-\alpha$ -methyllysine N-(2-carbamylediyl)glycine  $D-\alpha$ -methylmethionine N-(carbamylmethyl)glycine  $D-\alpha$ -methylornithiine N-(2-carboxyethyl)glycine D-α-methylphenylalanine N-(carboxymethyl)glycine D-α-methylproline N-cyclobutylglycine  $D-\alpha$ -methylserine N-cycloheptylglycine D-α-methylthreonine N-cyclohexylglycine D-α-methyltryptophan N-cyclodecylglycine D-α-methyltyrosine L-α-methylleucine  $L-\alpha$ -methyllysine L-α-methylnorleucine  $L-\alpha$ -methylmethionine L-α-methylnorvatine  $L-\alpha$ -methylornithine  $L-\alpha$ -methylproline L-α-methylphenylalanine L-a-methylserine  $L-\alpha$ -methylthreonine  $L-\alpha$ -methyltyrosine L-α-methyltryptophan L-N-methylhomophenylalanine  $L-\alpha$ -methylvaline N-(N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)N-(N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl

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carbamylmethyl)glycine	carbamylmethyl)glycine
1-carboxy-1-(2,2-diphenyl-ethyl	
amino) cyclopropane	

The invention also contemplates covalently modifying a polypeptide, fragment or variant of the invention with dinitrophenol, in order to render it immunogenic in humans

Preferably the invention comprises a polypeptide selected from any one of the polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21.

- Polypeptides of the inventions may be prepared by any suitable procedure known to those of skill in the art. For example, the polypeptides may be prepared by a procedure including the steps of:
- (a) preparing a recombinant nucleic acid containing a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide according to any one of SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21, or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, which nucleotide sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid;
  - (b) transfecting or transforming a suitable host cell with the recombinant nucleic acid;
  - (c) culturing the host cell to express recombinant polypeptide from said recombinant nucleic acid; and
    - (d) isolating the recombinant polypeptide.

      Suitably said nucleotide sequence is selected

      a group consisting of SEO ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8

from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20.

By "recombinant polypeptide" is meant a polypeptide made using recombinant techniques, i.e., through the expression of a recombinant nucleic acid.

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The term "recombinant nucleic acid" as used herein refers to nucleic acid formed in vitro by the manipulation of nucleic acid into a form not normally found in nature. In this regard, the recombinant nucleic acid preferably comprises an expression vector be either a self-replicating chromosomal vector such as a plasmid, or a vector which integrates into a host genome. Generally, such vectors include transcriptional expression translational regulatory nucleic acid operably linked to the said nucleotide sequence.

"operably linked" is meant transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid is positioned relative to the nucleotide sequence encoding the said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative in such a manner that such transcription is The transcriptional and translational initiatable. regulatory nucleic acid will generally be appropriate for the host cell used for expression. Numerous types appropriate expression vectors, and suitable regulatory sequences are known for in the art variety of host cells.

Typically, the transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid may include, but not limited to, promoter sequences, leader or ribosomal binding sites, sequences, signal transcriptional start stop sequences, and translational start and stop sequences, and enhancer or activator sequences.

Constitutive or inducible promoters as known in the art are contemplated by the invention. The promoters may be either naturally occurring promoters, or hybrid promoters which combine elements of more than one promoter.

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In a preferred embodiment, the expression vector contains a selectable marker gene to allow the selection of transformed host cells. Selection genes are well known in the art and will vary with the host cell used.

The expression vector may also include a fusion partner (typically provided by the expression vector) so that the recombinant polypeptide of the invention is expressed as a fusion polypeptide with said fusion partner. The main advantage of fusion partners is that they assist identification and/or purification of said fusion polypeptide.

In order to express said fusion polypeptide, it is necessary to ligate a nucleotide sequence according to the invention into the expression vector so that the translational reading frames of the fusion partner and the nucleotide sequence of the invention coincide.

known examples of fusion partners Well limited to, glutathione-Sinclude, but are not transferase (GST), Fc potion of human IgG, maltose binding protein (MBP) and hexahistidine (HIS6), which are particularly useful for isolation of the fusion polypeptide by affinity chromatography. For of fusion polypeptide purification by purposes relevant affinity chromatography, matrices affinity chromatography are glutathione-, and nickel- or cobalt-conjugated resins respectively. Many such matrices are available in "kit" form, such as the QIAexpress™ system (Qiagen) useful with (HIS<sub>6</sub>) fusion partners and the Pharmacia GST purification system.

Another fusion partner well known in the art is green fluorescent protein (GFP). This fusion partner serves as a fluorescent "tag" which allows the

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fusion polypeptide of the invention to be identified by fluorescence microscopy or by flow cytometry. useful when tag is assessing subcellular localization of the fusion polypeptide of invention, or for isolating cells which express the fusion polypeptide of the invention. Flow cytometric methods such as fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS) are particularly useful in this application.

Preferably, the fusion partners also have protease cleavage sites, such as for Factor Xa relevant which allow the protease to Thrombin, the fusion polypeptide digest partially liberate the recombinant invention and thereby polypeptide of the invention therefrom. The liberated polypeptide can then be isolated from the fusion partner by subsequent chromatographic separation.

Fusion partners according to the invention also include within their scope "epitope tags", which usually short peptide sequences for which Well known examples specific antibody is available. specific monoclonal for which of epitope tags readily available include antibodies are influenza virus haemagglutinin and FLAG tags.

Recombinant polypeptides of the invention may be produced by culturing a host cell transformed with an expression vector containing nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to the invention. The conditions appropriate for protein expression will vary with the choice of expression vector and the host cell. This is easily ascertained by one skilled in the art through routine experimentation.

Suitable host cells for expression may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic. One preferred host cell

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for expression of a polypeptide according to the invention is a bacterium. The bacterium used may be *Escherichia coli*. Alternatively, the host cell may be an insect cell such as, for example, *SF9* cells which may be utilized with a baculovirus expression system.

The recombinant protein may be conveniently prepared by a person skilled in the art using standard protocols as for example described in Sambrook, al., MOLECULAR CLONING. A LABORATORY MANUAL (Cold Spring Harbor Press, 1989), incorporated herein by reference, in particular Sections 16 and 17; Ausubel et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1994-1998), incorporated herein by reference, in particular Chapters 10 and 16; Coligan et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN PROTEIN SCIENCE (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1995-1997) which incorporated by reference herein, in particular Chapters 1, 5 and 6.

#### Nucleotide sequences

The invention further provides a nucleotide polypeptide, fragment, which encodes a variant or derivative as defined above. Suitably said sequence is selected from the group consisting of:-SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; a nucleotide sequence fragment of any one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; and a sequence homologue of the foregoing nucleotide these sequences sequences. Preferably, encode a product displaying immunological activity as defined above.

As will be more fully described hereinafter, SEQ ID NO 1 corresponds to the *hiaNm* gene obtained from *N. meningitidis* strain MC58. This gene encodes

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the novel 62 kDa (approximately) surface polypeptide of SEQ ID NO 2. SEQ ID NO 3 corresponds to the hiaNm open reading frame sequence of strain MC58, HiaNm. SEQ ID NOS 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20 correspond to the homologous hiaNm open reading frame sequences obtained from N. meningitidis strains BZ10, BZ198, EG327, EG329, H15, H38, H41, P20, and PMC21, respectively.

The term "nucleotide sequence" as used 10 herein designates mRNA, RNA, cRNA, cDNA or DNA.

"nucleotide sequence homologues" The term generally refers to nucleotide sequences which nucleotide with wild-type sequence hybridize a under the invention substantially according to conditions. Suitable hybridization stringent conditions will be discussed hereinafter.

The nucleotide sequence homologues of the invention may be prepared according to the following procedure:

- (i) obtaining a nucleic acid extract from a suitable host;
- (ii) creating primers which are optionally degenerate wherein each comprises a portion of a wild-type nucleotide sequence of the invention; and
- (iii) using said primers to amplify, via nucleic acid amplification techniques, one or more amplification products from said nucleic acid extract.

Suitably, the host may be a bacterium. Preferably, the host is from the genus Neisseria, more preferably from N. meningitidis.

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Preferably, the primers are selected from the group consisting of:-

- (1) 5'-TTAGATTCCACGTCCCAGATT-3' (SEQ ID NO 22);
- (2) 5'-CTTCCCTTCAAACCTTCC-3' (SEQ ID NO 23);
  - (3) 5'-GGTCGCGGATCCATGAACAAATATACCGCAT-3'
    (SEQ ID NO 24);
  - (4) 5'-TCACCCAAGCTTAAGCCCTTACCACTGATAAC-3' (SEO ID NO 25);
  - (5) 5'-CCAAACCCCGATTTAACC-3' (SEQ ID NO 26);
  - (6) 5'-AATCGCCACCCTTCCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO 27);
  - (7) 5'-TTTGCAACGGTTCAGGCA-3' (SEQ ID NO 28);
  - (8) 5'-TATTCAGCAGCGTATCGG-3' (SEQ ID NO 29);
  - (9) 5'-TGCCTGAACCGTTGCAAA-3' (SEQ ID NO 30); and
  - (10) 5'-CCGATACGCTGCTGAATA-3' (SEQ ID NO 31).

amplification Suitable nucleic acid techniques are well known to the skilled addressee, and include polymerase chain reaction (PCR) as for example described in Ausubel et al. (1994-1998, supra, Chapter 15) which is incorporated herein by reference; strand displacement amplification (SDA) as for example described in U.S. Patent No 5,422,252 which incorporated herein by reference; rolling circle replication (RCR) as for example described in Liu et Am. Chem. Soc. **118:**1587-1594 and al., (1996, J. International application WO 92/01813) and Lizardi et al., (International Application WO 97/19193) which are

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incorporated herein by reference; nucleic acid sequence-based amplification (NASBA) as for example described by Sooknanan et al., (1994, Biotechniques 17:1077-1080) which is incorporated herein by reference; and Q- $\beta$  replicase amplification as for example described by Tyagi et al., (1996, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93:5395-5400) which is incorporated herein by reference.

As used herein, an "amplification product"

refers to a nucleic acid product generated by nucleic acid amplification techniques.

"Hybridize" or "hybridization" is used here to denote the pairing of complementary bases of distinct nucleotide sequences to produce a DNA-DNA hybrid, a DNA-RNA hybrid, or an RNA-RNA hybrid according to base-pairing rules.

In DNA, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and T; and
- (ii) C and G.

In RNA, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and U; and
- (ii) C and G.

In RNA-DNA hybrids, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and U;
- (ii) A and T; and
- (iii) G and C.

Typically, substantially complementary nucleotide sequences are identified by blotting techniques that include a step whereby nucleotides are (preferably immobilized matrix a synthetic on a membrane such as nitrocellulose), a hybridization step, and a detection step. Southern blotting is used to identify a complementary DNA sequence; northern blotting is used to identify a complementary RNA

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sequence. Dot blotting and slot blotting can be used to identify complementary DNA/DNA, DNA/RNA or RNA/RNA polynucleotide sequences. Such techniques are well known by those skilled in the art, and have been described in Ausubel et al. (1994-1998, supra) at pages 2.9.1 through 2.9.20.

According to such methods, Southern blotting involves separating DNA molecules according to size by gel electrophoresis, transferring the size-separated DNA to a synthetic membrane, and hybridizing the DNA to a complementary nucleotide membrane bound labeled radioactively, enzymatically sequence dot blotting fluorochromatically. In and slot blotting, samples are directly applied to DNA synthetic membrane prior to hybridization as above.

An alternative blotting step is used when identifying complementary nucleotide sequences in a cDNA or genomic DNA library, such as through the process of plaque or colony hybridization. A typical example of this procedure is described in Sambrook et al., (1989, supra) Chapters 8-12.

Typically, the following general procedure can be used to determine hybridization conditions. Nucleotide sequences are blotted/transferred to a synthetic membrane, as described above. A wild type nucleotide sequence of the invention is labeled as described above, and the ability of this labeled nucleotide sequence to hybridize with an immobilized nucleotide sequence analyzed.

A skilled addressee will recognize that a hybridization. The influence number of factors radioactively labeled specific of activity polynucleotide sequence should typically be greater than or equal to about 10<sup>8</sup> dpm/mg to provide a detectable signal. A radiolabeled nucleotide sequence

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of specific activity  $10^8$  to  $10^9$  dpm/mg can detect approximately 0.5 pg of DNA. It is well known in the art that sufficient DNA must be immobilized on the membrane to permit detection. It is desirable to have excess immobilized DNA, usually  $10\mu g$ . Adding an inert polymer such as 10% (w/v) dextran sulfate (MW 500,000) or polyethylene glycol 6000 during hybridization can also increase the sensitivity of hybridization (see Ausubel *supra* at 2.10.10).

To meaningful achieve results from hybridization between а nucleotide sequence immobilized on a membrane and a labeled nucleotide of sufficient amount the labeled a sequence, hybridized to the nucleotide sequence must be immobilized nucleotide sequence following washing. Washing ensures that the labeled nucleotide sequence immobilized nucleotide hybridized only to the is sequences with a desired degree of complementarity to the labeled nucleotide sequence.

"Stringency" as used herein, refers to the conditions, temperature and ionic strength or absence of certain organic solvents. presence during hybridization. The higher the stringency, the higher will be the degree of complementarity between the immobilized nucleotide sequences and the labeled polynucleotide sequence.

"Stringent conditions" designates those conditions under which only nucleotide sequences having a high frequency of complementary bases will hybridize.

Typical stringent conditions include, for example, (1) 0.75 M dibasic sodium phosphate/0.5 M monobasic sodium phosphate/1 mM disodium EDTA/1% sarkosyl at about 42°C for at least 30 minutes; or (2)

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6.0 M urea/0.4 % sodium lauryl sulfate/0.1x SSC at about 42°C for at least 30 minutes; or (3) 0.1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for at least 20 minutes; or (4) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 55°C for about 60 minutes; or (5) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 62°C for about 60 minutes; or (6) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for about 60 minutes; or (7) 0.2X SSC/0.1% SDS at about 55°C for about 60 minutes; or (8) 0.2x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 62°C for about one hour; or (9) 0.2X SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for about 60 minutes. For a detailed example, see CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY supra at pages 2.10.1 to 2.10.16, and Sambrook et al. in MOLECULAR CLONING. A LABORATORY MANUAL (Cold Spring Harbour Press, 1989) at sections 1.101 to 1.104, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

While stringent washes are typically carried at temperatures from about 42°C to 68°C, the art will appreciate that skilled in temperatures may be suitable for stringent conditions. Maximum hybridization typically occurs at about 20°C to 25°C below the  $T_m$  for formation of a DNA-DNA hybrid. It is well known in the art that the  $T_m$  is the melting temperature, or temperature at which two complementary polynucleotide sequences dissociate. Methods estimating Tm are well known in the art (see CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY supra at page 2.10.8). Maximum hybridization typically occurs at about 10°C to 15°C below the Tm for a DNA-RNA hybrid.

Other stringent conditions are well-known in the art. A skilled addressee will recognize that various factors can be manipulated to optimize the specificity of the hybridization. Optimization of the stringency of the final washes can serve to ensure a high degree of hybridization.

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Methods for detecting labeled nucleotide sequences hybridized to an immobilized nucleotide sequence are well known to practitioners in the art. Such methods include autoradiography, chemiluminescent, fluorescent and colorimetric detection.

#### Antibodies

The invention also contemplates antibodies against the aforementioned polypeptides, fragments, variants and derivatives. Such antibodies may include any suitable antibodies which bind to or conjugate with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of example, the antibodies invention. For the comprise polyclonal antibodies. Such antibodies may be prepared for example by injecting a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention into a production species, which may include mice rabbits, to obtain polyclonal antisera. Methods of producing polyclonal antibodies are well known Exemplary protocols which those skilled in the art. may be used are described for example in Coligan et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN IMMUNOLOGY, (John Wiley & Inc, 1991) which is incorporated herein by reference, and Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra), in particular Section III of Chapter 11.

In lieu of the polyclonal antisera obtained in the production species, monoclonal antibodies may be produced using the standard method as for example, described in an article by Köhler and Milstein (1975, Nature 256, 495-497) which is herein incorporated by reference, or by more recent modifications thereof as for example, described in Coligan et al., (1991, supra) by immortalizing spleen or other antibody

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producing cells derived from a production species which has been inoculated with one or more of the polypeptides, fragments, variants or derivatives of the invention.

The invention also includes within its scope antibodies which comprise Fc or Fab fragments of the polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies referred to above. Alternatively, the antibodies may comprise single chain Fv antibodies (scFvs) against the peptides of the invention. Such scFvs may be prepared, in accordance with the methods described example, respectively in United States Patent No 5,091,513, European Patent No 239,400 or the article by Winter and Milstein (1991, Nature, 349 293) which incorporated herein by reference.

The antibodies of the invention may be used for affinity chromatography in isolating natural or recombinant N. meningitidis polypeptides. For example reference may be made to immunoaffinity chromatographic procedures described in Chapter 9.5 of Coligan et al., (1995-1997, supra).

The antibodies can be used to screen expression libraries for variant polypeptides of the invention. The antibodies of the invention can also be used to detect *N. meningitidis* infection described hereinafter.

#### Detection of N. meningitidis

The presence or absence of *N. meningitidis* in a patient may determined by isolating a biological sample from a patient, mixing an antibody or antibody fragment described above with the biological sample to form a mixture, and detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which

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indicates the presence of *N. meningitidis* in the sample.

The term "biological sample" as used herein refers to a sample which may be extracted, untreated, treated, diluted or concentrated from a patient. Suitably, the biological sample is selected from the group consisting of whole blood, serum, plasma, saliva, urine, sweat, ascitic fluid, peritoneal fluid, synovial fluid, amniotic fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, skin biopsy, and the like.

suitable technique for determining Any formation of the complex may be used. For example, an fragment according orantibody to invention having a label associated therewith may be utilized in immunoassays. Such immunoassays include, but are not limited to, radioimmunoassays (RIAs), enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) and immunochromatographic techniques (ICTs) which are well known those of skill in the art. For example, reference may be made to "CURRENT PROTOCOLS IMMUNOLOGY" (1994, supra) which discloses a variety of immunoassays that may be used in accordance with the invention. Immunoassays may include present competitive assays as understood in the art.

The label associated with the antibody or antibody fragment may include the following:

- i. direct attachment of the label to the antibody or antibody fragment;
- ii. indirect attachment of the label to the antibody or antibody fragment; i.e., attachment of the label to another assay reagent which subsequently binds to the antibody or antibody fragment; and

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iii. attachment to a subsequent reaction product of the antibody or antibody fragment.

The label may be selected from a group including a chromogen, a catalyst, an enzyme, a fluorophore, a chemiluminescent molecule, a lanthanide ion such as Europium (Eu<sup>34</sup>), a radioisotope and a direct visual label.

In the case of a direct visual label, use may be made of a colloidal metallic or non-metallic particle, a dye particle, an enzyme or a substrate, an organic polymer, a latex particle, a liposome, or other vesicle containing a signal producing substance and the like.

A large number of enzymes suitable for use labels is disclosed in United States Patent as Specifications U.S. 4,366,241, U.S. 4,843,000, U.S. 4,849,338, all of which are herein incorporated Suitable enzyme labels useful in the by reference. invention include alkaline phosphatase, present horseradish peroxidase, luciferase,  $\beta$ -galactosidase, glucose oxidase, lysozyme, malate dehydrogenase and The enzyme label may be used alone or in the like. combination with a second enzyme which is in solution.

Suitably, the fluorophore is selected from a group including fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC), tetramethylrhodamine isothiocyanate (TRITL) or R-Phycoerythrin (RPE).

The invention also extends to a method for detecting infection of patients by N. meningitidis, said method comprising the steps of contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention, and determining the presence or absence of a complex

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between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and *N. meningitidis*-specific antibodies in said serum, wherein the presence of said complex is indicative of said infection.

In a preferred embodiment, detection of the above complex is effected by detectably modifying said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative with a suitable label as is well known in the art and using such modified compound in a suitable immunoassay as for example described above.

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of detecting N. meningitidis bacteria in a suspected of biological sample containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps biological sample from a patient, isolating the detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.

Detection of the said nucleic acid sequence may be determined using any suitable technique. example, a labeled nucleic acid sequence according to the invention may be used as a probe in a Southern blot of a nucleic acid extract obtained from a patient as is well known in the art. Alternatively, a labeled nucleic acid sequence according to the invention may be utilized as a probe in a Northern blot of a RNA extract from the patient. Preferably, a nucleic acid extract from the patient is utilized in concert with oligonucleotide primers corresponding to sense antisense sequences of a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention, or flanking sequences thereof, in a nucleic acid amplification reaction such as PCR, or the ligase chain reaction (LCR) International described in Application example WO89/09385 which is incorporated by reference herein.

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A variety of automated solid-phase detection techniques are also appropriate. For example, very large scale immobilized primer arrays (VLSIPS<sup>TM</sup>) are used for the detection of nucleic acids as for example described by Fodor et al., (1991, Science 251:767-777) and Kazal et al., (1996, Nature Medicine 2:753-759). The above generic techniques are well known to persons skilled in the art.

## Pharmaceutical compositions

A further feature of the invention is the fragment, of the polypeptide, variant or use derivative of the invention ("immunogenic agents") as actives in a pharmaceutical composition for protecting infection by N. meningitidis. against Suitably, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier.

By "pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier" solid liquid filler, diluent а or meant encapsulating substance which may be safely used in administration. Depending upon the systemic particular route of administration, a variety of pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers, well known in These carriers may be selected the art may be used. from a group including sugars, starches, cellulose and gelatine, talc, derivatives, malt, calcium its vegetable oils, synthetic oils, polyols, sulfate, phosphate buffered solutions, alginic acid, emulsifiers, isotonic saline, and pyrogen-free water.

Any suitable route of administration may be employed for providing a patient with the composition of the invention. For example, oral, rectal, parenteral, sublingual, buccal, intravenous, intraarticular, intra-muscular, intra-dermal, subcutaneous,

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inhalational, intraocular, intraperitoneal, intracerebroventricular, transdermal and the like may be employed. Intra-muscular and subcutaneous injection is appropriate, for example, for administration of immunogenic compositions, vaccines and DNA vaccines.

Dosage forms include tablets, dispersions, injections, solutions, syrups, troches, suspensions, capsules, suppositories, aerosols, transdermal patches and the like. These dosage forms may also include injecting or implanting controlled releasing devices designed specifically for this purpose or other forms implants modified to act additionally in this Controlled release of the therapeutic agent fashion. may be effected by coating the same, for example, with hydrophobic polymers including acrylic resins, waxes, higher aliphatic alcohols, polylactic and polyglycolic derivatives and certain cellulose hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. In addition, the controlled release may be effected by using other polymer matrices, liposomes and/or microspheres.

Pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention suitable for oral or parenteral administration may be presented as discrete units such as capsules, sachets or tablets each containing a predetermined amount of one or more therapeutic agents of invention, as a powder or granules or solution or a suspension in an aqueous liquid, a nonaqueous liquid, an oil-in-water emulsion or a waterin-oil liquid emulsion. Such compositions may be prepared by any of the methods of pharmacy but all methods include the step of bringing into association one or more immunogenic agents as described above with the carrier which constitutes one or more necessary ingredients. In general, the compositions

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prepared by uniformly and intimately admixing the immunogenic agents of the invention with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product into the desired presentation.

The above compositions may be administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as is immunogenically-effective to protect patients from N. meningitidis infection. dose administered to a patient, in the context of the present invention, should be sufficient to effect a beneficial response in a patient over time such as a reduction in the level of N. meningitidis, inhibit infection by N. meningitidis. The quantity of the immunogenic agent(s) to be administered may depend on the subject to be treated inclusive of the age, sex, weight and general health condition thereof. precise amounts of the immunogenic this regard, agent(s) required to be administered will depend on the judgement of the practitioner. In determining the amount of the immunogenic agent administered in the treatment or prophylaxis against N. meningitidis, the physician may evaluate circulating plasma levels, progression of disease, and the production of anti-N. meningitidis antibodies. any event, suitable dosages of the immunogenic agents of the invention may be readily determined by those of skill in the art. Such dosages may be in the order of nanograms to milligrams of the immunogenic agents of the invention.

The above compositions may be used as therapeutic or prophylactic vaccines. Accordingly, the invention extends to the production of vaccines containing as actives one or more of the immunogenic

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agents of the invention. Any suitable procedure is contemplated for producing such vaccines. Exemplary procedures include, for example, those described in NEW GENERATION VACCINES (1997, Levine et al., Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, Basel Hong Kong) which is incorporated herein by reference.

An immunogenic agent according to the invention can be mixed, conjugated or fused with other antigens, including B or T cell epitopes of other antigens. In addition, it can be conjugated to a carrier as described below.

When an haptenic peptide of the invention is a peptide which reacts with cognate used antibodies, but cannot itself elicit an immune response), it can be conjugated with an immunogenic Useful carriers are well known in the art carrier. and include for example: thyroglobulin; albumins such as human serum albumin; toxins, toxoids or any mutant (CRM) of the toxin from crossreactive material tetanus, diptheria, pertussis, Pseudomonas, E. coli, and Streprococcus; polyamino acids Staphylococcus, poly(lysine:glutamic acid); influenza; Rotavirus VP6, Parvovirus VP1 and VP2; hepatitis B virus core protein; hepatitis B virus recombinant vaccine and the like. Alternatively, a fragment or epitope of a carrier protein or other immnogenic protein may be used. For example, a haptenic peptide of the invention can be coupled to a T cell epitope of a bacterial toxin, toxoid or CRM. In this regard, reference may be made to U.S. Patent No 5,785,973 which is incorporated herein by reference.

In addition, a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention may act as a carrier

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protein in vaccine compositions directed against Neisseria, or against other bacteria or viruses.

The immunogenic agents of the invention may be administered as multivalent subunit vaccines combination with antigens of N. meningitidis, or antigens of other organisms inclusive the pathogenic bacteria H. influenzae, M. catarrhalis, N. S. gonorrhoeae, E. coli. pneumoniae etc. Alternatively additionally, they or may be in concert with oligosaccharide administered or polysaccharide components of N. meningitidis.

The vaccines can also contain a physiologically-acceptable diluent or excipient such as water, phosphate buffered saline and saline.

The vaccines and immunogenic compositions may include an adjuvant as is well known in the art. Suitable adjuvants include, but are not limited to: substances such hexadecylamine, active as surface octadecylamine, amino acid octadecyl esters. lysolecithin, dimethyldioctadecylammonium bromide, N, N-dicoctadecyl-N', N'bis(2-hydroxyethylmethoxyhexadecylglycerol, propanediamine), and polyamines such pluronic polyols; as pyran, dextransulfate, poly IC carbopol; peptides such as muramyl dipeptide and derivatives, dimethylglycine, tuftsin; oil emulsions; and mineral gels such aluminum hvdroxide aluminum phosphate, lymphokines, QuilA and immune stimulating complexes (ISCOMS).

The immunogenic agents of the invention may 30 expressed by attenuated viral hosts. Ву be "attenuated viral hosts" is meant viral vectors which are either naturally, or have been rendered, substantially avirulent. A virus may be rendered

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substantially avirulent by any suitable physical heat treatment) or chemical (e.g., means (e.a., formaldehyde treatment). By "substantially avirulent" is meant a virus whose infectivity has been destroyed. Ideally, the infectivity of the virus is destroyed affecting the proteins which without immunogenicity of the virus. From the foregoing, will be appreciated that attenuated viral hosts may comprise live viruses or inactivated viruses.

Attenuated viral hosts which may be useful in a vaccine according to the invention may comprise viral vectors inclusive of adenovirus, cytomegalovirus and preferably pox viruses such as vaccinia (see for Paoletti and Panicali, U.S. Patent 4,603,112 which is incorporated herein by reference) and attenuated Salmonella strains (see for example Stocker, U.S. Patent No. 4,550,081 which is herein incorporated by reference). Live vaccines particularly advantageous because they lead to prolonged stimulus which can confer substantially long-lasting immunity.

Multivalent vaccines can be prepared from one or more microorganisms that express different epitopes of N. meningitidis (e.g., other surface proteins or epitopes of N. meningitidis). In addition, epitopes of other pathogenic microorganisms can be incorporated into the vaccine.

In a preferred embodiment, this will involve the construction of a recombinant vaccinia virus to express a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention. Upon introduction into a host, the recombinant vaccinia virus expresses the immunogenic agent, and thereby elicits a host CTL response. For example, reference may be made to U.S. Patent No

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4,722,848, incorporated herein by reference, which describes vaccinia vectors and methods useful in immunization protocols.

A wide variety of other vectors useful for therapeutic administration or immunization with the immunogenic agents of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the present disclosure.

In a further embodiment, the nucleotide sequence may be used as a vaccine in the form of a "naked DNA" vaccine as is known in the art. For example, an expression vector of the invention may be introduced into a mammal, where it causes production of a polypeptide in vivo, against which the host mounts an immune response as for example described in Barry, M. et al., (1995, Nature, 377:632-635) which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

## Detection kits

The present invention also provides kits for detection of N. meningitidis in a biological These will contain one or more particular sample. agents described above depending upon the nature of the test method employed. In this regard, the kits may include one or more of a polypeptide, fragment, variant, derivative, antibody, antibody fragment or The kits may nucleic acid according to the invention. appropriate reagents optionally include detection of labels, positive and negative controls, washing solutions, dilution buffers and the like. example, a nucleic acid-based detection include (i) a nucleic acid according to the invention (which may be used as a positive control), (ii) an oligonucleotide primer according to the invention, and

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optionally a DNA polymerase, DNA ligase etc depending on the nucleic acid amplification technique employed.

## Preparation of immunoreactive fragments

The invention also extends to a method of immunoreactive identifying an fragment of polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to the This method essentially comprises invention. generating a fragment of the polypeptide, variant or derivative, administering the fragment to a mammal; and detecting an immune response in the mammal. response will include production of elements which bind Ν. meningitidis and/or said specifically or derivative, and/or polypeptide, variant а protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.

Prior to testing a particular fragment for immunoreactivity in the above method, a variety of predictive methods may be used to deduce whether a particular fragment can be used to obtain an antibody that cross-reacts with the native antigen. predictive methods may be based on amino-terminal or carboxy-terminal sequence as for example described in Chapter 11.14 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra). Alternatively, these predictive methods may be based predictions of hydrophilicity as for example described by Kyte and Doolittle (1982, J. Mol. Biol. 157:105-132) and Hopp and Woods (1983, Mol. Immunol. incorporated 20:483-489) which are by reference herein, or predictions of secondary structure as for example described by Choo and Fasman (1978, Ann. Rev. Biochem. 47:251-276) which is incorporated herein by reference.

Generally, peptide fragments consisting of 10 to 15 residues provide optimal results. Peptides as

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small as 6 or as large as 20 residues have worked successfully. Such peptide fragments may then be chemically coupled to a carrier molecule such as keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) or bovine serum albumin (BSA) as for example described in Sections 11.14 and 11.15 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra).

The peptides may be used to immunize an animal as for example discussed above. Antibody titers against the native or parent polypeptide from which the peptide was selected may then be determined by, for example, radioimmunoassay or ELISA as for instance described in Sections 11.16 and 114 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra).

Antibodies may then be purified from a suitable biological fluid of the animal by ammonium sulfate fractionation or by chromatography as is well known in the art. Exemplary protocols for antibody purification is given in Sections 10.11 and 11.13 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra).

Immunoreactivity of the antibody against the native or parent polypeptide may be determined by any suitable procedure such as, for example, western blot.

#### Functional blockers

The polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 25 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 are believed to have adhesin They in fact have some similarity to properties. adhesins of Haemophilus influenzae which are surface Specifically they are approximately 67% the Hia protein of 30 homologous to Η. influenzae (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 Molecular Microbiology 19: 1215-1233), and 74% homologous to the Hsf protein of H. influenzae (St. Geme III, J. et al, 1996, Journal of Bacteriology 178: 6281-6287; and U.S.

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Patent No 5,646,259). For these comparisons, a gap weight of 3, and length weight of 0.01 was used using the GAP program (Deveraux, 1984, supra). sequences of these proteins are illustrated in FIG. 6. interruption of the function of polypeptides would be of significant therapeutic since they would prevent N. meningitidis from adhering to and invading bacteria Interruption of the function may be effected in several ways.

example, moieties such as chemical reagents or polypeptides which block receptors on the surface which interact with a polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 may be administered. These compete with the infective organism for receptor sites. Such moieties polypeptides for example of the may comprise in particular fragments, or functional invention, equivalents of these as well as mimetics.

The term "mimetics" is used herein to refer to chemicals which are designed to resemble particular functional regions of the proteins or peptides. Antiagainst the aboveantibodies raised idiotypic described antibodies which block the binding of the bacteria to a cell surface may also be used. Alternatively, moieties which interact with receptor binding sites in the polypeptides according to SEQ ID NO 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 may effectively prevent infection of а cell Such moieties may comprise blocking meningitidis. antibodies, peptides or other chemical reagents.

All such moieties, pharmaceutical compositions in which they are combined with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and methods of

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treating patients suffering from *N. meningitidis* infection by administration of such moieties or compositions form a further aspect of the invention.

The polypeptides of the invention may be used in the screening of compounds for their use in the For example, polypeptides of above methods. invention may be combined with a label and exposed to a cell culture in the presence of a reagent under The ability of reagent to inhibit the binding test. of the labeled polypeptide to the cell surface can In such a screen, the labeled then be observed. polypeptides may be used directly on an organism such as E. coli. Alternatively, N. meningitidis itself may be engineered to express a modified and detectable The use of engineered N. form of the polypeptide. meningitidis strains in this method is preferred as it is more likely that the tertiary structure of the protein will resemble more closely that expressed in wild-type bacteria.

In order that the invention may be readily understood and put into practical effect, particular preferred embodiments will now be described by way of the following non-limiting examples.

25 EXAMPLE 1

Molecular cloning and subcloning and hiaNm mutant construction.

The hiaNm gene was initially isolated by PCR amplification using standard methods. Briefly, due to our previous work on homologues of the AIDA-I protein of E. coli (Jennings, M. et al, 1995, Microbial Pathogenesis, 19: 391-407, Peak, I. et al, Microbial Pathogenesis, in press) we performed a homology

search, identifying а sequence of interest in preliminary data from the project to sequence the genome of MC58¢3 (The Institute for Genomic Research, (ftp://ftp.tigr.org/pub/data/n meningitidis/) 5 amplified the region of homology by PCR (polymerase reaction) using oligonucleotides A3A (5' -TTTGCAACGGTTCAGGCA-3', SEQ ID NO 28) and A3B (5' -TATTCAGCAGCGTATCGG-3', SEQ ID NO 29). The resulting 449 base pairs (bp) product was cloned into pT7Blue, to create plasmid pNMAIDA3. To clone the full length 10 gene, further oligonucleotides were designed and used in an inverse PCR reaction. These oligonucleotides were A3C (SEQ ID NO 30) and A3D (SEQ ID NO 31) and correspond to the complementary sequence of A3A (SEQ ID NO 28) and A3B (SEQ ID NO 31) respectively. The 15 template for this reaction was chromosomal DNA of MC58 which had been restriction digested with EagI and then The resulting 3kbp PCR product was self ligated. cloned into the vector pCRII (Invitrogen), producing This was digested with EagI and plasmid piEagA3. 20 EcoRI and the resulting fragments of 1.4kbp and 1.6kbp cloned DNA were cloned containing pBluescriptSKII, M13minus (Stratagene), resulting in piEagA3.8 and piEagA3.9. Plasmid pHiaNm was generated 25 by PCR amplifying hiaNm and sequence 5' and 3' to it oligonucleotide primers HiaNm:P using TTAGATTCCACGTCCCAGATT-3', SEQ ID NO 22) and HiaNm:M (5'-CTTCCCTTCAAACCTTCC-3', SEQ ID NO 23), corresponding to nucleotide position (ntp) 113-133 and 30 2102-2085 respectively of SEQ ID NO 1, and cloning the product into pT7Blue. Plasmid pHiaNm∆Kan was created by insertion of a kanamycin resistance cassette into the unique BalII site of pHiaNm corresponding to ntp 680 of SEQ ID No 1. The kanamycin resistance cassette

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excised from pUC4Kan (Pharmacia) with was BamHI. pHiaNmΔKan was transformed into N. meningitidis strain MC58 by incubating bacteria with plasmid DNA for 3 Infusion agar hours on Brain Heart (Acumedia Manufacturer's Inc) supplemented with 10% heated horse blood ("BHI plates") at 37°C in 5% CO2. A single colony was picked onto fresh selective media, grown, and used for further studies. This mutant strain is designated MC58∆HiaNm. Disruption of the hiaNm gene in this strain was confirmed by Southern blot using a probe corresponding to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1.

#### EXAMPLE 2

## Nucleotide sequence analysis

Nucleotide sequence analysis was performed 15 using the PRISM Dye terminator sequencing Kit with AmpliTag DNA polymerase BigDye terminator FS or sequencing kit as suggested by the manufacturer's instructions (Perkin Elmer), in conjunction with a 20 model 373a automated sequencer (Applied Biosystems). hiaNm was amplified in each strain, independent PCR reactions using primers HiaNm5'A2: 5'-CCAAACCCCGATTTAACC-3' (SEQ ID NO 26) and HiaNm3'A: 5'-AATCGCCACCCTTCCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO 27), as indicated on FIG. 1, and corresponding to ntp 230-247 and 2114-2097 25 of SEQ ID No 1, and the resulting products purified and pooled. This was used as template for direct sequencing on both strands. Data were analysed using the GCG programs (Deveraux et al. (1984)Acids Research 12, 387-395) and AssemblyLIGN (Oxford 30 Several oligonucleotides were generated Molecular). as necessary to complete sequences. Sequences of hiaNm of 10 strains are shown in SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4,

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6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20, and the deduced amino acid sequences of those genes are shown in SEQ ID NO 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21.

Comparison of *hiaN*m from these 5 indicated that they share 90-99% identity with hiaNm In addition, hiaNm of MC58 is 62% and 68% of MC58. homologous to hia and hsf of Haemophilus influenzae However, in the strains examined, hiaNm is 1770-1800 bp long. This is markedly different from the hia and hsf which are 3294 and 7059 bp long respectively. The 10 predicted polypeptide of hiaNm, HiaNm, also exhibits to several other bacterial proteins, homology including AIDA-I, the adhesin involved in diffuse the diarrhoeagenic Escherichia coli adherence of strain 2787 (0126:H27), HMW1, another Haemophilus 15 adhesin, UspAl, a high molecular weight protein of Moraxella catarrthalis, and SepA involved in tissue Shigella flexneri (Benz, I. and invasion of Schmidt, M.A., 1992, Molecular Microbiology 6:1539-1546, Barenkamp, S.J. and Leininger, E. 1992, Infection 20 60: 1302-1313, Aebi, C. Immunity and 1997, Infection and Immunity 65: 4367-4377, Benjelloun-Touimi, Z et al 1995, Molecular Microbiology 17:123-135). Homology to these (and several other proteins) 25 occurs over the first fifty amino acids of HiaNm. Analysis of this sequence reveals the presence of a predicted signal sequence, with cleavage sites at amino acid 50 in all HiaNm sequences examined. Such long signal sequences are common to proteins located 30 the outer membrane of Gram-negative bacteria (Henderson, I et al, 1998, Trends in Microbiology 6: The proteins mentioned above to which the first fifty amino acids of HiaNm is homologous are all outer-membrane of the "autotransporter" members

protein family (Henderson, I, supra). This strongly suggests that HiaNm is located in the outer membrane of N. meningitidis.

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#### EXAMPLE 3

## Southern blot analysis

Southern blot analysis was performed using standard techniques (Sambrook et al., supra, Ausubel supra). Briefly, genomic DNA was prepared et al., N. meningitidis of from 70 strains of digested separated serogroups, restriction ar.d electrophoretically on an agarose qel prior These to a nylon membrane. capillary transfer membranes were hybridized with a labeled probe. probe used corresponded to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1, encompassing the entire open reading frame of hiaNm strain MC58. This was labeled with of (dioxygenin) according to manufacturer's instructions Mannheim). Stringent washes (Boehringer performed (two washes of 5 minutes at 22°C in 2 x SSC/0.1% SDS followed by two washes of 30 minutes, 68°C, 0.2 x SSC/0.1% SDS). Hybridization was detected colorimetrically using nitro-blue-tetrazolium/ bromochloryl-indolyl-phosphate (NBT/BCIP) as recommended by the manufacturer. Signals were detected in strains examined. (FIG. 2 for example). In addition to the prototypic strain MC58, the following strains were investigated:-

#### 30 TABLE 3

Strain Name		TO THE STATE OF TH	Strain name		
PMC 3 (J1079)	2 <sup>x</sup>	А	NGF26	1	В

PMC17 (K874)	2	Α	NGG40	1	В
PMC 20 ((H79)	2	A	н15	1	В
PMC23 (K750)	2	A	SW2107	1	В
PMC 12 (K852)	2	В	528	1	В
PMC 13 (K859)	2	В	2970	1	В
PMC 16 (K873)	2	В	1000	1	В
PMC 24 (K782)	2	В	MPJB28	3 <sup>c</sup>	В
PMC 25 (K791)	2	В	мрјв56	-3	В
PMC 27 (K816)	2	В	MPJB88	3	В
PMC 28 (K837)	2	В	MPJB157	3	В
BZ10	1 <sup>B</sup>	В	MPJB328	3	В
BZ47	1	В	мрјв627	3	В
BZ83	1	В	мрјв820	3	В
BZ133	1	P	МРЈВ945	3	В
BZ147	1	В	PMC 8 (K157)	2	С
BZ163	1	В	PMC 9 (K497)	2	С
BZ169	1	В	PMC 11 (K848)	2	С
BZ198	1	В	PMC 14 (K860)	2	С
BZ232	1	В	PMC 18 (K879)	2	С
NG3/88	1	В	PMC 21 (K656)	2	С
NG4/88	1	В	PMC 29 (K841)	2	С
NG6/88	1	В	MPJC05	3	С
EG327	1	В	MPJC14	3	C .
EG329	1	В	MPJC154	3	С
DK353	1	В	мрјс302	3	С
179/82	1	В	мрјс379	3	С
66/84	1	В	PMC19	2	W
DK24	1	В	MPJW025	3	W
NGH36	1	В	PMC 1 (J603)	2 .	x
нзв	1	В	PMC 6 (K131)	2	х
H41	1	В	PMC 10 (K526)	2	Y
NGE28	1	В	PMC 22 (K685)	2	Y
NGE30	1	В	PMC 26 (K810)	2	Y
NGP20	1	В	PMC 2 ((J1049)	2	Z

A World Health Organization Collaborating Centre for Reference and Research on Meningococci, Oslo, Norway B Public Health Laboratory Service Meningococcal Reference Laboratory, Manchester, UK

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<sup>c</sup> Brisbane Hospitals, now in strain collection of M.P. Jennings, Department of Microbiology, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Australia.

EXAMPLE 4

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# Expression and partial purification of MBP-HiaNm

A plasmid vector was constructed permitted the expression of a protein consisting of a fusion of Maltose Binding Protein and HiaNm (MBP-10 plasmid pHiaMBP was generated HiaNm). The amplifying hiaNm from MC58 using primers Hianm-MBPA 5'-GGTCGCGGATCCATGAACAAAATATACCGCAT-3' (SEQ ID NO 24) and HiaNm-MBPB 5'-TCACCCAAGCTTAAGCCCTTACCACTGATAAC-3' (SEQ ID NO 25). These primers encompass the start and 15 stop codons of hiaNm of N. meningitidis strain MC58 and engineered restriction sites for ease of cloning. restriction Plasmid maps and positions oligonucleotides are shown in FIG. 1. The resultant PCR product was ligated into BamHI/HindIII restriction 20 digested plasmid pMALC2 (New England Biolabs), and the resultant plasmid, pHiaMBP (See FIG. 1) reintroduced strain DH5 $\alpha$ . E. coli E. coli This strain to containing pHiaMBP was induced to express the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein under conditions recommended by the 25 manufacturer (New England Biolabs). Cell extracts from cultures containing pHiAMBP were separated by 10% the fusion protein partially SDS-PAGE, and was purified by elution using the Mini-Gel Electro-eluter according to manufacturer's instructions. 30 (BioRad) Fractions containing the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein were detected by Western blot using rabbit anti-MBP sera (New England Biolabs). The purity of the HiaNm-MBP

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fusion protein was determined by SDS-PAGE followed by Coomassie staining, and the amount of recovered protein estimated by BCA assay (Sigma) or absorbance at a wavelength of 280nm.

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# EXAMPLE 5

#### Generation of polyclonal sera

The partially purified HiaNm-MBP fusion protein obtained in Example 4 was used to generate polyclonal sera in rabbits. Samples of eluted HiaNmMBP fusion protein were dialyzed against sterile phosphate buffered saline pH 7.4, (PBS) (Sigma). This was then (MPL+TDM+CWS, Sigma), mixed with adjuvant concentration of 50-150µg/mL and inoculated at two weekly intervals into two New Zealand White rabbits. Blood was taken from these rabbits. extracted by clotting at room temperature for one hour followed by overnight incubation at 4°C before centrifugation at 4000 x rpm at 4°C. The supernatant was removed and re-centrifuged. Serum was stored in aliquots at -80°C. Sera obtained were used in bactericidal assays and Western blots (see below).

To test the specificity of the sera obtained, Western blot analysis was undertaken. Briefly, proteins of N. meningitidis strains MC58 MC58ΔHianm were separated electrophoretically on SDS-PAGE before electrophoretic transfer to nitrocellulose membrane using a Semi-Dry Blotter (BioRad). These incubated sequentially with sera and then were alkaline-phosphatase conjugated anti-Rabbit IgG (Sigma) before colorimetric detection with NBT/BCIP (Sigma). These experiments demonstrated that antibodies were elicited by the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein which

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were specific for, and detected a band in, MC58 but in MC58∆HiaNm (see FIG. 4). The predicted molecular weight of the deduced polypeptide of HiaNm is 62.3 kDa. The band detected by the sera migrates at an apparent MW in excess of 150 kDa. At least three of the homologous "autotransporter" proteins reported in the literature also display such anomalous migration: the high molecular weight outer membrane proteins UspA1 and UspA2 of Moraxella catarrhalis have predicted molecular weights of 62.5 kDa and 88.3 kDa respectively but migrate at 85 kDa and 120 kDa, respectively and as the UspA complex at between 350 kDa and 720 kDa (Aebi, C. et al., 1997, Infection and Immunity, 65: 4367-4377, Klingman, K.L. and Murphy, T.F., 1994, Infection and Immunity, 62: 1150-1155). influenzae Haemophilus Hia of Similarly, predicted molecular weight of 116 kDa but when expressed in a phage, Hia migrates at greater than 200 kDa (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 Molecular Microbiology 19: 1215-1233).

In order to confirm that HiaNm is associated with the outer membrane of N. meningitidis, outer membrane complexes (omc) were prepared, essentially as previously described (van der Ley, P. et al, 1991, Infection **59**:2963-71). and Immunity, Briefly, bacteria were grown overnight on Brain Heart Infusion agar (Acumedia Manufacturer's Inc) supplemented with 10% heated horse blood BHI plates, resuspended in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0 and heat killed, before sonication to disrupt the membrane. Cellular debris were removed by relative centrifugation at 10,000 х q (rcf. centrifugal force), and the supernatant recentrifuged This pellet was resuspended in 1% at 50,000 x q. sarkosyl/10 mM Tris pH8.4 and centrifuged at 10,000 x

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The supernatant was centrifuged at  $75,000 \times g$  and g. the pellet resuspended in Tris pH 8.4, before quantification spectrophotometrically at a wavelength 280nm. aliquot of An the sarkosyl-insoluble fraction, which contains outer membrane proteins,  $(50\mu l \text{ of } A_{280}=3.75)$  was subjected to SDS-PAGE Western blotted as described above. The results, shown in FIG. 4 demonstrate that reactivity with the anti-HiaNmMBP antisera is observed with wild type MC58, but with MC58∆HiaNm, in which hiaNm has been not The increase in reactivity with the inactivated. anti-HiaMBP sera observed between whole cell samples, and the omc samples containing the same amount of total protein, in MC58 cultures is consistent with the membrane association of HiaNm.

## EXAMPLE 6

## Bactericidal assay

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To determine whether the anti-HiaMBP antisera contained bactericidal antibodies specific for HiaNm, 20 bactericidal assays were performed with wild type MC58 This assay was performed by a and MC58∆HiaNm. modification of the method described by Hoogerhout et. (1995, Infection and Immunity, 63: 3473-3478). al. Briefly, MC58 and MC58ΔHiaNm were grown overnight on 25 BHI plates at 37°C in 5% CO2. Bacteria from this overnight culture were subcultured under the same conditions for 4-6 hours before suspension in 1 mL PBS. Numbers of bacteria were estimated by lysis of a in 0.2N NaOH/1% SDS and absorbance at a 30 sample wavelength of 260 nm, where  $A_{260}=1 = 10^9$  cfu/mL. bacterial suspension was adjusted to approximately 105 cfu/mL in PBS. Rabbit sera to be tested was heat

inactivated at 56°C for 45 minutes. Serum from four week old, New Zealand White rabbits was pooled and as a source of complement (Central Animal Breeding House, University of Queensland). The assav was carried out in sterile polystyrene flat-bottomed 96 well microtitre plate. The total volume in each well was 24  $\mu$ L: 12  $\mu$ L of twofold serially diluted serum in PBS and 6 µL of bacterial suspension (containing between 300-900 bacteria). Sera and bacteria were incubated at room temperature for 10 minutes before addition of 6 µL of 80% complement in PBS (final concentration 20% vol/vol). Controls were a) PBS, bacteria and complement, b) PBS, bacteria and serum. After addition of all components and mixing, a 7  $\mu$ L aliquot from each control well was spread on a BHI The microtitre plate was then incubated at 37°C in 5%  $CO_2$  for 60 minutes. After this incubation, a 7 μL aliquot from each well was spread on BHI plates. All BHI plates were then incubated for 14-18 hours at 37°C in 5%  $CO_2$ , and bacterial colonies counted. killing is reported as the highest bactericidal reciprocal dilution at which at least 90% of bacteria Serum used was from the same rabbit and were killed. same test bleed as used for Western blot the experiments as reported in Example 5 above. These experiments consistently demonstrated reduced titers (approximately 3 fold, Table 4) of killing against  $MC58\Delta HiaNm$  in comparison to the wild type strain, MC58, indicating that the anti-HiaMBP contained bactericidal antibodies specific for HiaNm.

TABLE 4

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STRAIN	Colored State Services	
A CONCENTRATION AND A PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	6600000 o +996 + 66€	A CONTRACT OF A
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The second secon	121211100000000000000000000000000000000	the international process is the process of the

PCT/AU98/01031

MC58	12 (+/- 4.6)		
MC58ΔHiaNm	3.5 (+/- 1)		

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## DISCUSSION

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Repetitive DNA has been associated with virulence determinants in some pathogenic bacteria. Southern blots using such a repetitive DNA motif revealed the presence of at least three loci which contained this motif in N. meningitidis strain MC58 (Peak, I. et al., 1996, FEMS Microbiology Letters, These genes were cloned and sequence **137:**109-114). analysis of two of these repeat associated loci (nmrep2 and nmrep3) revealed open reading frames of approximately 670 amino acids (Jennings, M. et al, 1995, Microbial Pathogenesis, 19: 391-407, Peak, I. et in Pathogenesis, press). Microbial exhibited homology to each other and homology to the carboxyl-terminal of the adhesin AIDA-I of E. coli. AIDA-I is 1286 amino acids long. The carboxylterminal region constitutes a putative outer membrane transport domain and the amino-terminal domain of the mature protein constitutes the adhesin domain. amino-terminal domain crosses the membrane through the and is designated the putative transport domain passenger domain.

As Nmep2 and Nmep3 share sequence homology with the transporter domain of AIDA-I, they are thought to form membrane pores. Nmrep2 and Nmrep3 are approximately half the size of AIDA-I, and are homologous to the membrane spanning domain of AIDA-I. We hypothesized that there existed in *N. meningitidis* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Mean of four independent experiments

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a locus with homology to the amino-terminal domain of AIDA-I. We searched for such a homologue in the data from the project to sequence *N. meningitidis* strain MC58¢3 (TIGR, supra) and found one region with homology to a gene designated AIDA-I in Haemophilus influenzae strain Rd (HI1732) because of its homology to AIDA-I of E. coli, (Fleischmann et. al., 1995 Science 269:496-512,). In view of the homologies noted above, the applicants decided to investigate further.

initially isolated by PCR The gene was amplification of the DNA corresponding to the 471 base pair fragment, named gnmaa84r, from N. meningitidis MC58 3 and the sequence was confirmed. Further PCR experiments enabled larger fragments to be amplified. These were cloned and sequence analysis undertaken as The gene exhibited homology to the shown in FIG 1. region of AIDA-I of E. coli and we amino-terminal designated it aida3, as it represented the third AIDA-I homologue in N. meningitidis (with nmrep2 nmrep3). Since then, the discovery of two further genes, hia and hsf from H. influenzae has published (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 Molecular Microbiology 19: 1215-1233, St. Geme III, J. et al, 1996, Journal of Bacteriology 178: 6281-6287), to which aida3 is more similar. We have therefore redesignated this gene hiaNm. (HI1732, the H. influenzae gene first identified as an homologue of AIDA-I has also been re-designated hia in light of the reports of Barenkamp and St. Geme III).

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Throughout the specification the aim has been to describe the preferred embodiments of the invention without limiting the invention to any one embodiment or specific collection of features. It will therefore

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be appreciated by those of skill in the art that, in light of the instant disclosure, various modifications and changes can be made in the particular embodiments exemplified without departing from the scope of the present invention. All such modifications and changes are intended to be included within the scope of the appendant claims

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#### CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
  - (b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
  - (c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
  - (d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
  - (e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
  - (f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
  - (g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
  - (h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
  - (i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19; and
- 15 (j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 21.
  - 2. A polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1, displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-
    - (i) N. meningitidis;
    - (ii) said polypeptide;
    - (iii) said fragment;
    - (iv) said variant; and
- 25 (v) said derivative;

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- 3. A polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1, displaying immunological activity against N. meningitidis.
- 4. An isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

(a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;

		(4)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
		(b)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
		(c)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
		(d)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
5		(e)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
		(f)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
		(g)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
		(h)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
		(i)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19;
10			and
		(j)	a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 21.
	5.	λn i	solated nucleic acid sequence according
			, encoding a product displaying
15			activity against one or more members
10		_	the group consisting of:-
	5020000	(i)	N. meningitidis;
		(ii)	said polypeptide;
		(iii)	<pre>said fragment;</pre>
20		(iv)	said variant; and
		(v)	said derivative.
	6.		solated nucleic acid sequence according
			, encoding a product displaying
25	immunolo	ogical	activity against N. meningitidis.
	7.	An i	solated nucleic acid sequence selected
	from the		consisting of:
		(1)	the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 1;
30		(2)	the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 3;
		(3)	the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 4;
		(4)	the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 6;
		(5)	the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 8;
		(6)	the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 10;
.35	•	(7)	the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 12;

	(8) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 14;
	(9) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 16;
	(10) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 18;
	(11) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 20;
5	(12) a nucleotide sequence fragment of any
	one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12,
	14, 16, 18 and 20; and
	(13) a nucleotide sequence homologue of any
	of the foregoing sequences
10	
	8. A nucleic acid sequence according to claim 7,
	encoding a product displaying immunological activity
	against one or more members selected from the group
	consisting of:-
15	(i) N. meningitidis;
	<pre>(ii) said polypeptide;</pre>
	<pre>(iii) said fragment;</pre>
	(iv) said variant; and
	<pre>(v) said derivative.</pre>
20	
	9. A nucleic acid sequence according to claim 7,
	encoding a product displaying immunological activity
	against N. meningitidis.
25	10. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 7, wherein
	said homologue is obtained from the genus Neisseria.
	11. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 5 or claim
	7, wherein said homologue is obtained from a strain of
30	N. meningitidis.
	12. A method of obtaining a nucleotide sequence
	homologue comprising the steps of:-
	(i) obtaining a nucleic acid extract from
-35	a suitable host;

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(ii)	creating primers which are optionally
	degenerate wherein each comprises a
	portion of a nucleic acid sequence
	according to claim 5 or claim 7; and
(iii)	using said primers to amplify, via a
	nucleic acid amplification technique,
	one or more amplification products

from said nucleic acid extract.

- 10 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said nucleic acid extract is obtained from the genus Neisseria.
  - 14. The method of claim 12, wherein said nucleic acid extract is obtained from a strain of N. meningitidis.
    - The method of claim 12, wherein said primers are selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, and 31.

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- 16. The method of claim 12, wherein the nucleic acid amplification technique is PCR.
- 17. An expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7, wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.
- 18. A host cell transfected or transformed with an expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7, wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.

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- 19. A method of producing a recombinant polypeptide comprising the steps of:
  - (A) culturing a host cell according to claim 18 such that said recombinant polypeptide is expressed from said nucleic acid; and
  - (B) isolating said recombinant polypeptide.
- 20. An antibody or antibody fragment which binds 10 to one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-
  - (1) N. meningitidis;
  - (2) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
  - (3) a fragment of said polypeptide;
  - (4) a variant of said polypeptide or said fragment; and
    - (5) a derivative of said polypeptide or said fragment.
- 20 21. The antibody of claim 20, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment binds N. meningitidis.
  - 22. A method of detecting *N. meningitidis* in a biological sample suspected of containing same, said method comprising the steps of:-
    - (A) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
    - (B) mixing the antibody or antibody fragment of claim 20 or claim 21 with the biological sample to form a mixture; and
    - (C) detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which indicates the presence of N. meningitidis.

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23. A method of detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample suspected of containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps of:-

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- (I) isolating the biological sample from
   a patient;
- (II) detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7 in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.
- 24. A method for diagnosing infection of patients by N. meningitidis, said method comprising the steps of:-
  - (1) contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1; and
  - (2) determining the presence or absence of a complex between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and N. meningitidis-specific antibodies in said sample, wherein the presence of said complex is indicative of said infection.
- 25. Use of the polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1 for the manufacture of a kit for the detection or diagnosis of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
  - 26. Use of the nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7 for the manufacture of a kit for

the detection or diagnosis of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.

- 27. Use of one or more oligonucleotide primers selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, and optionally a thermostable polymerase, in a kit for the detection or diagnosis of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
- 10 28. Use of the antibody or antibody fragment according to claim 20 or claim 21 for the manufacture of a kit for the detection or diagnosis of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
- 15 29. Use of a pharmaceutically effective amount of a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1 for the prevention or treatment of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
- 20 30. Use of a pharmaceutically effective amount of an antibody or antibody fragment according to claim 20 or claim 21 for the prevention or treatment of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
- 25 31. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or a variant or derivative of these, according to claim 1.
- 32. The pharmaceutical of claim 31, which is a vaccine.
  - 33. A method of preventing or treating infection of a patient by N. meningitidis, comprising the step

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of administrating a pharmaceutically effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 32.

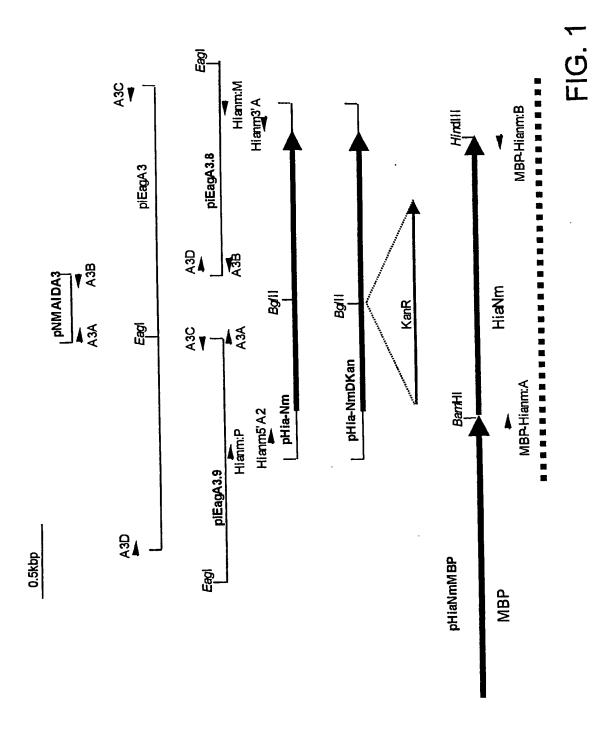
34. A method of identifying an immunoreactive 5 fragment of a polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to claim 1, comprising the steps of:-

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- (a) generating a fragment of said polypeptide, variant or derivative;
- (b) administering said fragment to a mammal; and

detecting an immune response in said mammal which response includes production of elements which specifically bind N. meningitidis and/or said polypeptide, variant or derivative, and/or a protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.



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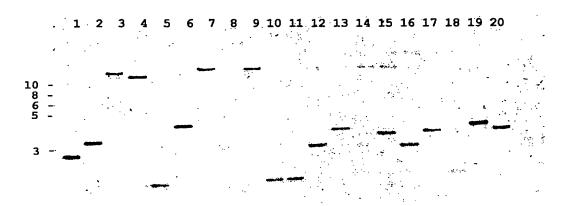


FIG. 2A

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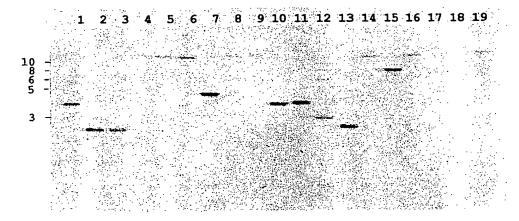


FIG. 2B

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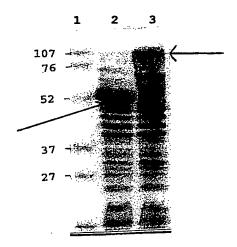


FIG. 3

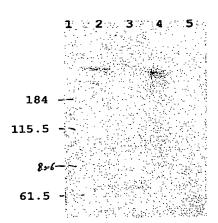


FIG. 4

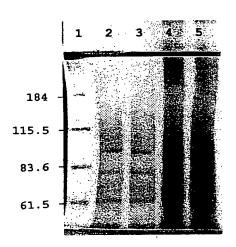


FIG. 5

FIG.	6				
Hsf Hia	MNKIFNVIWN	VMTQTWVVVS VVTQTWVVVS SALNAWVVVS	ELTRTHTKCA	SATVAVAVLA	TLLSATVEAN
Hsf . Hia	51 ATDEDEELDP A				
		LKIKQNTDES			
	151 GDKVDITSDA		GNVHLNGLDS	NNTP	200 VLSSSSFTPN V
Hsf Hia HiaNm		KDVLNAGWNI	KGAKTAGGNV		250 NVEFITGDKN
Hsf Hia HiaNm	251 TLDVVLTAKE			• • • • • • • • •	300 DTNKVTSNTA
Hsf Hia HiaNm		VTAKAVIDAV		• • • • • • • • •	350 TVASGTNVTE
Hsf Hia HiaNm	351 ESGDGTTASV		VKYDAKVGDO		400 ADTTALTVTO
Hsf Hia HiaNm	401 GKVAEIAKEI	D DKKKLVNAGI	• • • • • • • • •		450 ALEGISKDQ
Hsf Hia HiaNm		K AGKNLKVKQI		D ALTGLTSIT	50 L GGTTNGGND
Hsf Hia HiaNm	501 KTVINKDGL				55 T NVASGLRAY LKAY

FIG.	6 COIL a
Hsf Hia	551 600 DANFDVLNNS ATDLNRHVED AYKGLLNLNE KNANKQPLVT DSTAATVGDL DANFNFTNNS IADAEKQVQE AYKGLLNLNE KNASDKLLVE DNTAATVGNL
HiaNm	601 650 RKLGWVVSTK NGTKEE.SNQ VKQAD.EVLF TGAGAATVTS KSENGKHTIT
Hsf Hia HiaNm	RKLGWVVSTK NGTREE.SNQ VKQAD.EVIF TGAGAATVTS KSENGKHTI.  RKLGWVLSSK NGTRNEKSQQ VKHAD.EVLF EGKGGVQVTS TSENGKHT  IVNSDK EGT.GEKEKV EENSDWAVYF NEKGVLT
Hsf	651 700 VSVAETKADC GLEKDGDTIK LKVDNQNTDN VLTVGNNGTA VTKGGFETVK
Hia HiaNm	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Hsf Hia	701 750 TGATDADRGK VTVKDATAND ADKKVATVKD VATAINSAAT FVKTENLTTS
HiaNm	751 800
Hsf Hia HiaNm	IDEDNPTDNG KDDALKAGDT LTFKAGKNLK VKRDGKNITF DLAKNLEVKT
Hsf	801 850 AKVSDTLTIG GNTPTGGTTA TPKVNITSTA DGLNFAKETA DASGSKNVYL
Hia HiaNm	ATVSDTLTIG GGAAAGATT. TPKVNVTSTT DGLKFAKDAA GANG SVGTEKLSFS ANGNKVNITSDT KGLNFAKETA GTNG
Hsf Hia	851 900 KGIATTLTEP SAGAKSSHVD LNVDATKKSN AASIEDVLRA GWNIQGNGNN
HiaNm	901 950
Hsf Hia	VDYVATYDTV NFTDDSTGTT TVTVTQKADG KGADVKIGAK TSVIKDHNGK
HiaNm	951 LFTGKDLKDA NNGATVSEDD GKDTGTGLVT AKTVIDAVNK SGWRVTGEGA
Hsf Hia HiaNm	***************************************
Hsf	
Hia HiaNm	
Hsf Hia	GDGLKIGDDK KIVADTTTLT VTGGKVSVPA GANSVNNNKK LVNAEGLATA
HiaNm	mmm.

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### FIG. 6 cont'd 1101 Hsf LNNLSWTAKA DKYADGESEG ETDQEVKAGD KVTFKAGKNL KVKQSEKDFT ....... ..... ..... Hsf YSLQDTLTGL TSITLGGTAN GRNDTGTVIN KDGLTITLAN GAAAGTDASN HiaNm ..... Hsf GNTISVTKDG ISAGNKEITN VKSALKTYKD TQNTADETQD KEFHAAVKNA ...... HiaNm ...... 1251 Hsf NEVEFVGKNG ATVSAKTDNN GKHTVTIDVA EAKVGDGLEK DTDGKIKLKV ...... HiaNm Hsf DNTDGNNLLT VDATKGASVA KGEFNAVTTD ATTAQGTNAN ERGKVVVKGS ...... HiaNm ..... Hsf NGATATETDK KKVATVGDVA KAINDAATFV KVENDDSATI DDSPTDDGAN Hia ..... HiaNm ..... 1450 Hsf DALKAGDTLT LKAGKNLKVK RDGKNITFAL ANDLSVKSAT VSDKLSLGTN ....... HiaNm Hsf GNKVNITSDT KGLNFAKDSK TGDDANIHLN GIASTLTDTL LNSGATTNLG Hia .....VHLN GIGSTLTDTL VGSPATHIDG HiaNm .....VHLN GIGSTLTDTL LNTGATTNVT 1501 Hsf GNGITDNEKK RAASVKDVLN AGWNVRGVKP ASANNQVENI DFVATYDTVD Hia GDQSTHY..T RAASIKDVLN AGWNIKGVKA GSTTGQSENV DFVHTYDTVE HiaNm NDNVTDDEKK RAASVKDVLN AGWNIKGVKP GTTA..SDNV DFVRTYDTVE Hsf FVSGDKDTTS VTVESKDNGK RTEVKIGAKT SVIKDHNGKL FTGKELKDAN FLSADTETTT VTVDSKENGK RTEVKIGAKT SVIKEKDGKL FTGKANKETN HIANM FLSADTKTTT VNVESKDNGK KTEVKIGVKT SVIKEKDGKL VTGKD.KGEN 1601 Hsf NNGVTVTETD GKDEGNGLVT AKAVIDAVNK AGWRVKTTGA NGQNDD...F Hia KVD.GANATE DADEGKGLVT AKDVIDAVNK TGWRIKTTDA NGQNGD...F HiaNm .....GS STDEGEGLVT AKEVIDAVNK AGWRMKTTTA NGQTGQADKF

\_<u>}</u>

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## FIG. 6 cont'd

	1651 1700 ATVASGTNVT FADGNGTTAE VTKANDGSIT VKYNVKVADG LKLDGDKIVA ATVASGTNVT FASGNGTTAT VTNGTDG.IT VKYDAKVGDG LKLDGDKIAA ETVTSGTNVT FASGKGTTAT VSKDDQGNIT VMYDVNVGDA LNVNQ
Hsf Hia HiaNm	1701 1750 DTTVLTVADGKV TAPNNGDGKK FVDASGLADA LNKLSWTATA DTTALTVNDG KNANNPKGKV ADVASTDEKK LVTAKGLVTA LNSLSWTTTALQNSGWNLDSKAVA
Hsf Hia HiaNm	1751 1800 GKEGTGEVDP ANSAGQEVKA GDKVTFKAGD NLKIKQSGKD FTYSLKKELK AEADGGTLD. GNASEQEVKA GDKVTFKAGK NLKVKQEGAN FTYSLQDALT G.SSGKVIS GNVSPSKGKM DETVNINAGN NIEITRNGKN I.DIATSMT
Hsf Hia HiaNm	1801 .DLTSVEFKD ANGGTGSEST KITKDGLTIT PANGAGAAGA NTANTISVTK .GLTSITLGT GNNGAKT EINKDGLTIT PANGAGA NNANTISVTK PQFSSVSLG
Hsf Hia HiaNm	1851 1900 DGISAGNKAV TNVVSGLKKF GDGHTLANGT VAD.FEKHYD NAYKDLTNLD DGISAGGQSV KNVVSGLKKF GDANFDPLTS SADNLTKQND DAYKGLTNLD
Hsf Hia HiaNm	1901 1950 EKGADNN.PT VADNTAATVG DLRGLGWVIS ADKTTGEPNQ EYNAQVRNAN EKGTDKQTPV VADNTAATVG DLRGLGWVIS ADKTTGGST. EYHDQVRNAN
Hsf Hia HiaNm	1951 2000 EVKFKSGNGI NVSGKTLNGT RVITFELAKG EVVKSNEFTV KNADGSETNL EVKFKSGNGI NVSGKTVNGR REITFELAKG EVVKSNEFTV KETNGKETSLDGDAL NVGSK
Hsf Hia HiaNm	MUNICU D
Hsf Hia HiaNm	2051 LTNKGSGYVT GNQVADAIAK SGFELGLADA AEAEKAFAES AKDKQLSKDK ITNKGSGYVT GNQVADAIAK SGFELGLADE ADAKRAFDDKTKALSAGT
11 - £	2101 AETVNAHDKV RFANGLNTKV SAATVESTDA NGDKVTTTFV KTDVELPLTQ TEIVNAHDKV RFANGLNTKV SAATVESTDA NGDKVTTTFV KTDVELPLTQ
11 - £	2200 IYNTDANGNK IVKKADG KWYELNADGT AS.NKEVTLG NVDANGKKVV IYNTDANGKK ITKVVKDGQT KWYELNADGT ADMTKEVTLG NVDSDGKKVV

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## FIG. 6 cont'd

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Hsf Hia HiaNm	2201 KVTENGADKW KDNDGKW		KTKGEVSNDK KTKGEVSNDK		
	2251				2300
Hsf	GVVIDNVANG	EISATSTDAI	NGSQLYAVAK	GVTNLAGQVN	NLEGKVNKVG
Hia	GVVIDNVANG	DISATSTDAI	NGSQLYAVAK	GVTNLAGQVN	NLEGKVNKVG
HiaNm	VTNVA		QLKGVA.	Ω	NLNNRIDNVD
Hsf Hia HiaNm	KRADAGTASA	LAASQLPQAT	MPGKSMVAIA MPGKSMVAIA LPGKSMMAIG	GSSYQGQNGL	2350 AIGVSRISDN AIGVSRISDN AIGYSSISDG
	2351		2378		
Hsf		TNSQGKTGVA	AGVGYQW*		
Hia	GKVIIRLSGT				
HiaNm	GNWIIKGTAS	GNSRGHFGAS	ASVGYQW*		

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## FIG. 7

•	1				50
eg329	MNEILRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
pmc21	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
HiaNm	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
h15	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
BZ10	MNKISRIIWN			SATVATAVLA	
bz198	MNKIYRIIWN			SATVATAVLA	
eg327	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVAVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAS
h38	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVAVS		SATVKTAVLA	
h41	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVAVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVKTAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
p20	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLSATVQAN
F					
	51				100
eg329	ANNE.EOEED	LYLDPVLRTV	AVLIVNSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	NSDWAVYFNE
pmc21	ANNE.EQEED	LYLDPVQRTV	AVLIVNSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	NSDWAVYFNE
HiaNm	ANNERPRKKD	LYLDPVQRTV	AVLIVNSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	NSDWAVYFNE
h15	ATDDDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDKE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
BZ10	ATDDDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDKE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
bz198	ATDDDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDFE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
eg327	TTDDDD	LYLEPVQRTA	VVLSFRSDKE	GTGEKE.VTE	DSNWGVYFDK
h38	ATDEDEE	EELEPVVRSA	LVLQFMIDKE	GNGENE.STG	NIGWSIYYDN
h41	ATDEDEE	EELESVQRS.	VVGSIQASME	GSVELETI	slsmtnds
p20	ATDTDED	EELESVARSA	LVLQFMIDKE	GNGEIE.STG	DIGWSIYYDD
•					
	101				150
eg329	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ	NGTNFTYS	
pmc21	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI			LKKDLTDLTS
HiaNm	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI			LKKDLTDLTS
h15	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNENTNE		LKKDLTDLTS
BZ10	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNENTNE		LKKDLTDLTS
bz198	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNE		
eg327		TLKAGDNLKI		NTNASSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h38	HNTLHG.ATV	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNKNTNE	NTNDSSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h41		TLKAGDNLKI		NTNASSFTYS	LKKDLTGLIN
p20	HNTLHG.ATV	/ TLKAGDNLKI	KQ	SGKDFTYS	LKKELKDLTS
•		•			000
	151				200
eg329	VGTEKLSFSA	A NGNKVNITSI	TKGLNFAKE		LNGIGSTLTD
pmc21	VGTEKLSFS/	NGNKVNITSI	TKGLNFAKE		LNGIGSTLTD
HiaNm		A NGNKVNITSI	TKGLNFAKE!		LNGIGSTLTD
h15		A NGNKVNITSI	TKGLNFAKE		LNGIGSTLTD
BZ10	VETEKLSFG	A NGNKVNITS	TKGLNFAKE	•	I LNGIGSTLTD
bz198	VETEKLSFG	A NGNKVNITS	D TKGLNFAKE		INGIGSTLTD
eg327		A NSNKVNITS	D TKGLNFAKK		I LNGIGSTLTD
h38		A NGNKVNITS		r agtngdttvi	H LNGIGSTLTD
h41	VETEKLSFG	A NGKKVNIIS	D TKGLNFAKE	T AGTNGDTTV	H LNGIGSTLTD
p20		A NGNKVNITS	D TKGLNFAKE	T AGTNGDPTV	H LNGIGSTLTD
F					

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## FIG. 7 cont'd

	201				250
eg329	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
pmc21	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
HiaNm		VTNDNVTDDE			
h15	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
BZ10	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
bz198	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
eg327	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
h38	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDK	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
h41	MLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
p20	TLAGSSASHV		.TRAASIKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KTGSTTGQSE
<b>F</b>					
	251				300
eg329	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN	GKKTEVKIGA	KTSVIKEKDG
pmc21	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
HiaNm	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
h15	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
BZ10	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
bz198	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
eg327	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
h38	NVDFVHTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
h41	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN	GKKTEVKIGA	KTSVIKEKDG
p20	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN	GKRTEVKIGA	KTSVIKEKDG
F					
	301				350
eg329	KLVTGKDKGE	NGSSTDEGEG	LVTAKEVIDA	VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
pmc21	KLVTGKDKGE	NGSSTDEGEG	LVTAKEVIDA	VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
HiaNm	KLVTGKDKGE	NGSSTDEGEG	LVTAKEVIDA	VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
h15		NGSSTDEGEG		VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
BZ10	KLVTGKGKGE	NGSSTDEGEG		VNKAGWRMKT	
bz198	KLVTGKGKDE	NGSSTDEGEG	LVTAKEVIDA	VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
eg327	KLVTGKDKGE	NDSSTDKGEG	LVTAKEVIDA	VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
h38		NGSSTDEGEG		VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
h41	KLVTGKGKGE	NGSSTDEGEG		VNKAGWRMKI	
p20	KLVTGKGKGE	NGSSTDEGEG	LVTAKEVIDA	VNKAGWRMKI	TTANGQTGQA
-					400
	351			m. namnan	
eg329	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDQG	NITVMYDVN	
pmc21	DKFETVTSG			NITVMYDVN\	
HiaNm	DKFETVTSG			NITVMYDVN	
h15	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDQ	NITVKYDVN	
BZ10	DKFETVTSG:			NITVKYDVN	/ GDALNVNQLQ
bz198	DKFETVTSG'			NITVKYDVN	GDALNVNQLQ
eg327	DKFETVTSG'			S NITVMYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
h38	DKFETVTSG'			S NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
h41	DKFETVTSG			G NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
p20	DKFETVTSG	T KVTFASGNG	TATVSKDDQ	G NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
•			•		

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## FIG. 7 cont'd

	401				450
200	401	1mccccvarc	GNVSPSKGKM	DEMNITHACH	
eg329	NSGWNLDSKA NSGWNLDSKA		GNVSPSKGKM		
pmc21			GNVSPSKGKM		
HiaNm	NSGWNLDSKA NSGWNLDSKA		GNVSPSKGKM		
h15	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		GNVSPSKGKM		
BZ10	NSGWNLDSKA		GNVSPSKGKM		
bz198	NSGWNLDSKA		GNVSPSKGKM		
eg327	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
h38	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
h41	NSGWNLDSKA		GNVSPSKGKM		
p20	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETANINAGN	MIETIMAGINA
	451				500
220	IDIATSMTPO	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTISVDGD	ALNVGSKKD	NKPVRITNVA
eg329	IDIATSMTPO	FSSVSLGAGA			NKPVRITNVA
pmc21		FSSVSLGAGA			NKPVRITNVA
HiaNm	IDIATSMTPQ		DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA
h15	IDIATSMTPQ		DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA
BZ10	IDIATSMTPQ		DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA
bz198	IDIATSMAPQ		DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA
eg327	IDIATSMTPQ				NKPVRITNVA
h38	IDIATSMTPQ		DAPTLSVDDK		NKPVRITNVA
h41	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA
p20	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GWTIA AGD YDY	MKLAKIIMAN
	501				550
eg329		VAQLKGVAQN	T.NNRI DNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
pmc21		VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
HiaNm	PCAKECDAIN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
h15	PCAKECDAM	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLAQAYL
BZ10	FGAUFGDAIM	VAQLKGVAQN	LNNRIDNVDG	NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLAQAYL
bz198	PCAKECHAN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
	PCAKECUALN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVQAYL
eg327		VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAOAI	ATAGLVQAYL
h38 h41	PCAMECDAIN FRAMECDAIN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAOAI	ATAGLVQAYL
	PCAKEGDAIN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAOAI	ATAGLAQAYL
p20	PGVKEGDVIN	AVÖTIGALIĞI.		~	
	551				600
eg329	PGKSMMAIG	GTYRGEAGY	IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTASC	NSRGHFGASA
pmc21	PGKSMMAIG	GTYRGEAGY	IGYSSISDGG	; NWIIKGTASO	NSRGHEGASA
HiaNm	PGKSMMAIG	GTYRGEAGY	A IGYSSISDGG	NWIIKGTAS	NSRGHFGASA
h15	PGKSMMATG	GTYRGEAGY	A IGYSSISDTO	NWVIKGTASO	NSRGHFGASA
BZ10	PEKSMMATE	GTYRGEAGY		NWVIKGTASO	NSRGHFGTSA
bz198	DCKCMMATC	2 DTVRGEAGY	A TGYSSISDGO	NWIIKGTASO	NSRGHFGASA
eg327	DCYCMMATC	C CTYPCEACY	A TGYSSISDGO	NWIIKGTAS	NSRGHFGASA
eg327 h38	E GUSTINATE.	G GTYRGEAGY	A IGYSSISDGO	S NWIIKGTAS	3 NSRGHIGASA
	DCKCMMATC	C CTVI.CEAGY	A TGYSSISAGO	3 NWIIKGTAS	3 NSRGHEGASA
h41		C CTYLCEACY	A TGYSSISDTO	NWVIKGTAS	S NSRGHFGTSA
p20	L G V D LIMAT G	G GIIIGHAGII			

## 15/15

## FIG. 7 cont'd

eg329 SVGYQW\*
pmc21 SVGYQW\*
HiaNm SVGYQW\*
h15 SVGYQW\*
BZ10 SVGYQW\*
bz198 SVGYQW\*
eg327 SVGYQW\*
h38 SVGYQW\*
h41 SVGYQW\*
p20 SVGYQW\*

i

### SEQUENCE LISTING

<pre>&lt;110&gt; Peak, Ian R. (U.S. only)   Jennings, Michael P. (U.S. only)   Moxom, Edward R. (U.S. only)   University of Queensland (except U.S.)   Isis Innovations Limited (except U.S.)</pre>												
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cacgtcccag attcccgcct tcgcggggaa tgacgagatt ttaagttggg ggaatttatc 180												
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atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc aat gcc tgg gtc gtc gta tcc gag ctc  Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp Val Val Val Ser Glu Leu  10 15 20												
aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca acc gtg aag acc gcc gta  Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val  25  30  389												
ttg gcg aca ctg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag gca agt gct aac aat gaa 437 Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu 40 45 50												
aga cca aga aag aaa gat tta tat tta gac ccc gta caa cgc act gtt Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp Pro Val Gln Arg Thr Val 55 60 65 70												
gcc gtg ttg ata gtc aat tcc gat aaa gaa ggc acg gga gaa aaa gaa 533 Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu 75 80 85												

	gta Val															581
	cta Leu															629
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	gat Asp															725
	aat Asn															773
aaa Lys	gaa Glu	acg Thr	gct Ala 170	ggg Gly	acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly	gac Asp 175	acc Thr	acg Thr	gtt Val	cat His	ctg Leu 180	aac Asn	ggt Gly	821
	ggt Gly															869
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agc Ser 215	gtt Val	aaa Lys	gac Asp	gta Val	tta Leu 220	aac Asn	gct Ala	ggc Gly	tgg Trp	aac Asn 225	att Ile	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gtt Val	aaa Lys 230	965
	ggt Gly			-		_		_	-							1013
	gtc Val															1061
gaa Glu	agc Ser	aaa Lys 265	gac Asp	aac Asn	ggc Gly	aag Lys	aaa Lys 270	acc Thr	gaa Glu	gtt Val	aaa Lys	atc Ile 275	ggt Gly	gtg Val	aag Lys	1109
	tct Ser 280															1157
aaa Lys 295	ggc	gag Glu	aat Asn	ggt Gly	tct Ser 300	tct Ser	aca Thr	gac Asp	gaa Glu	ggc Gly 305	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	tta Leu	gtg Val	act Thr 310	1205
gca Ala	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtg Val	att Ile 315	gat Asp	gca Ala	gta Val	aac Asn	aag Lys 320	gct Ala	ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg	atg Met 325	aaa Lys	1253
	aca Thr															1301

iii

							•									
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	act Thr 360	-			-	-						-	_		_	1397
-	aat Asn	-		-	-			-		-	-			_		1445
	aat Asn															1493
_	ggc Gly		-	_	_		_		-		-	-		-		1541
	aat Asn															1589
	atc Ile 440															1637
	G] À ààà	-	-				-	_		_		_	-	_		1685
	ggc Gly															1733
	ggc Gly															1781
	gcg Ala			-			-		-			-				1829
_	gcg Ala 520			-				-		-		_	_	_		1877
	ttg Leu															1925
	gaa Glu	_			-					_			-	_		1973
	tgg Trp					_	-				-	_				2021
	gct Ala									taa	ggg	cttt	atc (	geet	gtctgc	2074

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iv

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Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp 50 55 60

Pro Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu 65 70 75 80

Gly Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val 85 90 95

Tyr Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys 100 105 110

Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr 115 120 125

Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys 130 135 140

Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr 145 150 155 160

Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr

Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu 180 185 190

Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp 195 200 205

Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp 210 215 220

Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp 225 230 235 240

Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys 245 250 255

Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu 260 265 270

PCT/AU98/01031 WO 99/31132

v

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Gly 305	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr 310	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile 315	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys 320
Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg	Met 325	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 330	Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly 335	Gln
Ala	Asp	Lys	Phe 340	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser 345	Gly	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr 350	Phe	Ala
Ser	Gly	Lys 355	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 360	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp 365	Gln	Gly	Asn
Ile	Thr 370	Val	Met	Tyr	Asp	Val 375	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala 380	Leu	Asn	Val	Asn
Gln 385	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly 390	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser 395	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly 400
Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys	Val 405	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val 410	Ser	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly 415	Lys
Met	Asp	Glu	Thr 420	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala 425	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile	Glu 430	Ile	Thr
Arg	Asn	Gly 435	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp	11e 440	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met	Thr 445	Pro	Gln	Phe
Ser	Ser 450	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala 455	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	Pro 460	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val
Asp 465	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn 470	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys	Lys 475	Asp	Asn	Lys	Pro	Val 480
Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn	<b>Val</b> 485	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Lys 490	Glu	Gly	Asp	Val	Thr 495	Asn
Val	Ala	Gln	Leu 500	Lys	Gly	Val	Ala	Gln 505	Asn	Leu	Asn	Asn	Arg 510	Ile	Asp
Asn	Val	Asp 515	Gly	Asn	Ala	Arg	Ala 520	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala 525	Ile	Ala	Thr
Ala		_					_				_		34 - A		T10
	Gly 530	Leu	Val	Gln	Ala	Tyr 535	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Ser 540	met	Met	Ala	116
Gly 545	-					535			_	-	540				
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vi

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vii

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gtc gtc gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca Val Val Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala 20 25 30	96												
acc gtg gcg acc gcc gta ttg gcg aca ctg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln 35 40 45	144												
gcg aat gct acc gat gac gat tta tat tta gaa ccc gta caa cgc Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val Gln Arg 50 55 60	192												
act gct gtc gtg ttg agc ttc cgt tcc gat aaa gaa ggc acg gga gaa Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu 65 70 75 80	240												
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aac gtt acc gat gac gag aaa aaa cgt gcg gca agc gtt aaa gac gta Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val 210 215 220	672												
tta aac gca ggc tgg aac att aaa ggc gtt aaa ccc ggt aca aca gct	720												

#### viii

Lan	Asn	Δla	Glv	ሞፖኬ	Δen	Tle	I.ve	Glv	Val	Lvs	Pro	Glv	Thr	Thr	Δla	
225	ASII	nια	Oly	110	230	110	Lys	017	•	235	110	Oly	****	****	240	
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-	gca Ala	-	_			_		_		_	-	-		-		816
	aag Lys															864
-	aaa Lys 290	-		_	_	-										912
	tct Ser															960
gat Asp	gca Ala	gta Val	aac Asn	aag Lys 325	gct Ala	ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg	atg Met 330	aaa Lys	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr	gct Ala 335	aat Asn	1008
	caa Gln				-	-	_		-						_	1056
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_	gcc Ala				-	_				_	-	_		-		1488

iх

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	gcg atc ggc ggc ggt Ala Ile Gly Gly Gly 550		
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Thr Val Ala Thr 35 Ala Asn Ala Thr 50	Ala Val Leu Ala Thr 40 Asp Asp Asp Leu	Leu Leu Phe Ala Th. 45  Tyr Leu Glu Pro Va. 60	a Ser Ala ) r Val Gln l Gln Arg
Thr Val Ala Thr 35  Ala Asn Ala Thr 50  Thr Ala Val Val 65	Ala Val Leu Ala Thr 40  Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu 55  Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser	Leu Leu Phe Ala Th. 45  Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val 60  Asp Lys Glu Gly Th. 75	a Ser Ala ) r Val Gln l Gln Arg r Gly Glu 80
Thr Val Ala Thr 35  Ala Asn Ala Thr 50  Thr Ala Val Val 65  Lys Glu Gly Thr	Ala Val Leu Ala Thr 40  Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu 55  Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser 70  Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp	Leu Leu Phe Ala Thi 45  Tyr Leu Glu Pro Vai 60  Asp Lys Glu Gly Thi 75  Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp 90	a Ser Ala  Val Gln  Gln Arg  Gly Glu  80  Glu Lys  95
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Thr Val Ala Thr 35  Ala Asn Ala Thr 50  Thr Ala Val Val 65  Lys Glu Gly Thr  Arg Val Leu Lys 100  Lys Ile Lys Gln 115	Ala Val Leu Ala Thr 40 Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu 55 Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser 70 Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp 85 Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr 105 Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn	Leu Leu Phe Ala The 45  Tyr Leu Glu Pro Var 60  Asp Lys Glu Gly The 75  Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp 90  Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp 111  Thr Asn Glu Asn The 125	a Ser Ala  Val Gln  Gln Arg  Gly Glu 80  Glu Lys 95  Asn Leu  Asn Asp

x

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Asn	Val 210	Thr	Asp	Asp	Glu	Lys 215	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser 220	Val	Lys	Asp	Val
Leu 225	Asn	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asn 230	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys 235	Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala 240
Ser	Asp	Asn	Val	Asp 245	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr	Tyr 250	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe 255	Leu
Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr 260	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Val 265	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys 270	Asp	Asn
Gly	Lys	Arg 275	Thr	Glu	Val	Lys	11e 280	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser 285	Val.	Ile	Lys
Glu	Lys 290	Asp	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val 295	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Lys 300	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly
Ser 305	Ser	Thr	Asp	Glu	Gly 310	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr 315	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	11e 320
Asp	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys 325	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg	Met 330	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 335	Asn
Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly 340	Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys	Phe 345	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser 350	Gly	Thr
Lys	Val	Thr 355	Phe	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn 360	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 365	Val	Ser	Lys
Asp	Asp 370	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ile	Thr 375	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val 380	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp
Ala 385	Leu	Asn	Val	Asn	Gln 390	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly 395	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser 400
Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly 405	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys	Val 410	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val 415	Ser
Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly 420	Lys	Met	Asp	Glu	Thr 425	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala 430	Gly	Asn
Asn	Ile	Glu 435	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asn	Gly 440	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile 445	Ala	Thr	Ser
Met	Thr 450	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser	Ser 455	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala 460	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala
Pro 465	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val	Asp 470	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu 475	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys 480
Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro		Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn 490		Ala	Pro	Gly	Val 495	

хi

Glu Gly Asp	Val Thr 500	Asn Val		ln Leu 005	Lys Gl	y Val	Ala 510	Gln	Asn	
Leu Asn Asn 515	Arg Ile	Asp Asn	Val A 520	sp Gly	Asn Al	a Arg 525	Ala	Gly	Ile	
Ala Gln Ala 530	Ile Ala	Thr Ala 535	Gly L	eu Ala	Gln Al 54	-	Leu	Pro	Gly	
Lys Ser Met 545	Met Ala	Ile Gly 550	Gly G	Sly Thr	Tyr Ar 555	g Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly 560	
Tyr Ala Ile	Gly Tyr 565	Ser Ser	Ile S	Ser Asp 570	Thr Gl	y Asn	Trp	Val 575	Ile	
Lys Gly Thr	Ala Ser 580	Gly Asn		arg Gly 585	His Ph	e Gly	Thr 590	Ser	Ala	
Ser Val Gly 595	Tyr Gln	Trp								
<210> 6 <211> 1785 <212> DNA <213> Neiss	eria men	ingitidi	s							
<220> <221> CDS <222> (1)	(1785)									
<400> 6										
atg aac aaa Met Asn Lys 1		-								48
gtc gtc gta Val Val Val			Arg A							96
acc gtg gcg Thr Val Ala 35										144
gcg aat gct Ala Asn Ala 50					Leu Gl					192
act gct gtc Thr Ala Val 65		-	-	-	_					240
aaa gaa ggt Lys Glu Gly	-	•			-		_			288
aga gta cta Arg Val Leu	-		Ile T		_		-		_	336
aaa atc aaa Lys Ile Lys 115			-		_	-	-			384
tac tcc ctg	aaa aaa	gac ctc	aca g	gat ctg	acc ag	t gtt	gaa	act	gaa	432

### xii

Tyr	Ser 130	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu 135	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser 140	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu	
		_			_					-				agc Ser	-	480
			_					-		_		-		ggc Gly 175	-	528
														acg Thr		576
-								-			-		_	acc Thr	-	624
														gca Ala		672
														aac Asn		720
_		_	_			-		_			_	_		gat Asp 255	_	768
														aaa Lys		816
_	-					_			-			_		gac Asp		864
-	-	-						-						aca Thr	-	912
														gta Val		960
aag Lys	gct Ala	ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg 325	atg Met	aaa Lys	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr 330	gct Ala	aat Asn	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr 335	ggt Gly	1008
														acc Thr		1056
														caa Gln		1104
														aac Asn		1152
														gtt Val		1200

### xiii

385	390	395	400
	gtc atc agc ggc aat Val Ile Ser Gly Asn 410		
	gtc aac att aat gcc Val Asn Ile Asn Ala 425		
	aat atc gac atc gcc Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala 440		
	ctc ggt gcg ggg gcg Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala 455		
	gcg ttg aat gtc ggc Ala Leu Asn Val Gly 470		
	aat gtc gcc ccg ggc Asn Val Ala Pro Gly 490		
	ctt aaa ggc gtg gcg Leu Lys Gly Val Ala 505		
atc gac aat gtg gac Ile Asp Asn Val Asp 515	ggc aac gcg cgt gcg Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala 520	ggc atc gcc caa gcg Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala 525	att 1584 Ile
gca acc gca ggt cta Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu 530	gtt cag gcg tat ctg Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu 535	ccc ggc aag agt atg Pro Gly Lys Ser Met 540	atg 1632 Met
	act tat cgc ggc gaa Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu 550		
	gac ggc gga aat tgg Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp 570		
	ggc cat ttc ggt gct Gly His Phe Gly Ala 585		
caa tgg taa Gln Trp 595			1785
<210> 7 <211> 594 <212> PRT <213> Neisseria men	ingitidis		
<400> 7 Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr 1 5	Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn	Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala 15	Trp
Val Val Val Ser Glu	Leu Thr Arg Asn His	Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser	Ala

xiv

			20					25					30		
Thr	Val	Ala 35	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala 40	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala 45	Thr	Val	Gln
Ala	Asn 50	Ala	Thr	Asp	Asp	Asp 55	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Glu 60	Pro	Val	Gln	Arg
Thr 65	Ala	Val	Val	Leu	Ser 70	Phe	Arg	Ser	Àsp	Lys 75	Glu	Gly	Thr	Gly	Glu 80
Lys	Glu	Gly	Thr	Glu 85	Asp	Ser	Asn	Trp	Ala 90	Val	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Glu 95	Lys
Arg	Val	Leu	Lys 100	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ile	Thr 105	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Asp 110	Asn	Leu
Lys	Ile	Lys 115	Gln	Asn	Thr	Asn	Glu 120	Asn	Thr	Asn	Asp	Ser 125	Ser	Phe	Thr
Tyr	Ser 130	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu 135	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser 140	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu
Lys 145	Leu	Ser	Phe	Gly	Ala 150	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val 155	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ser	Asp 160
Thr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn 165	Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr 170	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly 175	Asp
Pro	Thr	Val	His 180	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly 185	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp 190	Thr	Leu
Leu	Asn	Thr 195	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Asn 200	Val	Thr	Asn	Asp	Asn 205	Val	Thr	Asp
Asp	Glu 210	Lys	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala 215	Ser	Val	Lys	Asp	Val 220	Leu	Asn	Ala	Gly
Trp 225	Asn	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val 230	Lys	Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr 235	Ala	Ser	Asp	Asn	Val 240
Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr 245	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu 250	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp 255	Thr
Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 260	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser 265	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys 270	Lys	Thr
Glu	Val	Lys 275	Ile	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr 280	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	Glu 285	Lys	Asp	Gly
Lys	Leu 290		Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly 295	Lys	Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly 300	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp
Glu 305		Glu	Gly	Leu	Val 310	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val 315	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn 320
Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg 325	Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 330	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr 335	Gly
Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys 340	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr 345	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asn	Val 350	Thr	Phe
Ala	Ser	Gly	Lys	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala		Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Gly

χv

Asn	Ile 370	Thr	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp 375	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp 380	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	
Asn 385	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser 390	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp 395	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 400	
Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 405	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn 410	Val	Ser.	Pro	Ser	Lys 415	Gly	
Lys	Met	Asp	Glu 420	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn 425	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile 430	Glu	Ile	
Thr	Arg	Asn 435	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp 440	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met 445	Ala	Pro	Gln	
Phe	Ser 450	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly 455	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala 460	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser	
Val 465	Asp	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala 470	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser <b>4</b> 75	Lys	Asp	Thr	Asn	Lys 480	
Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr 485	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly 490	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp 495	Val	
Thr	Asn	Val	Ala 500	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val 505	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn 510	Asn	Arg	
Ile	Asp	Asn 515	Val	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala 520	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ile	Ala 525	Gln	Ala	Ile	
Ala	Thr 530	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Gln 535	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Gly 540	Lys	Ser	Met	Met	
Ala 545	Ile	Gly	Gly	Asp	Thr 550	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala 555	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly 560	
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser 565	Asp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Trp 570	Ile	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr 575	Ala	
Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser 580	Arg	Gly	His	Phe	Gly 585	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val 590	Gly	Tyr	
Gln	Trp															
<211 <212	0> 8 L> 17 2> Di 3> Ne	A	eria	meni	ingit	tidis	5									
	l> CI		(1785	5)												
	)> 8 aac	222	ata	tac	cac	atc	att	taa	aat	agt	acc	ctc	aat	acc	taa	48
				Tyr 5												25
-	-	•		gag Glu			_					-	-		-	96
				gcc												14

xvi

		35					40					45				
			acc Thr													192
	-	_	gtg Val	_	-		_		-						-	240
	-	-	aca Thr	-	-					_			-			288
gga Gly	gta Val	cta Leu	aca Thr 100	gcc Ala	gga Gly	aca Thr	atc Ile	acc Thr 105	ctc Leu	aaa Lys	gcc Ala	ggc Gly	gac Asp 110	aac Asn	ctg Leu	336
aaa Lys	atc Ile	aaa Lys 115	caa Gln	aac Asn	acc Thr	aat Asn	gaa Glu 120	aac Asn	acc Thr	aat Asn	gcc Ala	agt Ser 125	agc Ser	ttc Phe	acc Thr	384
			aaa Lys													432
aaa Lys 145	tta Leu	tcg Ser	ttt Phe	agc Ser	gca Ala 150	aac Asn	agc Ser	aat Asn	aaa Lys	gtc Val 155	aac Asn	atc Ile	aca Thr	agc Ser	gac Asp 160	480
acc Thr	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	ttg Leu	aat Asn 165	ttc Phe	gcg Ala	aaa Lys	aaa Lys	acg Thr 170	gct Ala	gag Glu	acc Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly 175	gac Asp	528
acc Thr	acg Thr	gtt Val	cat His 180	ctg Leu	aac Asn	ggt Gly	atc Ile	ggt Gly 185	tcg Ser	act Thr	ttg Leu	acc Thr	gat Asp 190	acg Thr	ctg Leu	576
ctg Leu	aat Asn	acc Thr 195	gga Gly	gcg Ala	acc Thr	aca Thr	aac Asn 200	gta Val	acc Thr	aac Asn	gac Asp	aac Asn 205	gtt Val	acc Thr	gat Asp	624
gac Asp	gag Glu 210	aaa Lys	aaa Lys	cgt Arg	gcg Ala	gca Ala 215	agc Ser	gtt Val	aaa Lys	gac Asp	gta Val 220	tta Leu	aac Asn	gca Ala	ggc Gly	672
tgg Trp 225	aac Asn	att Ile	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gtt Val 230	aaa Lys	ccc Pro	ggt Gly	aca Thr	aca Thr 235	gct Ala	tcc Ser	gat Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val 240	720
			cgc Arg													768
			act Thr 260													816
gaa Glu	gtt Val	aaa Lys 275	atc Ile	ggt Gly	gcg Ala	aag Lys	act Thr 280	tct Ser	gtt Val	atc Ile	aaa Lys	gaa Glu 285	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ggt Gly	864
			act Thr													912

### xvii

			ggc Gly													960
	-		tgg Trp	-	_											1008
			aag Lys 340													1056
-	-		aaa Lys									-	-			1104
			gtt Val	_		-	-				_	-				1152
	_	-	caa Gln		_				-	-				-	-	1200
			ggc Gly													1248
_	-	-	gaa Glu 420		_				_							1296
	_		ggc Gly				-		_			-			_	1344
			gtt Val													1392
			gag Glu													1440
	-	-	att Ile		Asn	_	-	-		Val				-	_	1488
		-	gca Ala 500									-				1536
			gtg Val					Arg								1584
			ggt Gly													1632
			ggc Gly													1680

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#### xviii

tac tca agc att tcc gac ggc gga aat tgg att atc aaa ggc acg gct Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala 565 570 575	1728
tcc ggc aat tcg cgc ggc cat ttc ggt gct tcc gca tct gtc ggt tat Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr 580 585 590	1776
cag tgg taa Gln Trp 595	1785
<210> 9 <211> 594 <212> PRT <213> Neisseria meningitidis	
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 9 Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp 1 5 10 15</pre>	
Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala 20 25 30	
Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln 35 40 45	
Ala Ser Thr Thr Asp Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val Gln Arg 50 55 60	
Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu 65 70 75 80	
Lys Glu Val Thr Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp Gly Val Tyr Phe Asp Lys Lys 85 90 95	
Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Gly Thr Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu 100 105 110	
Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Thr 115 120 125	
Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu 130 135 140	
Lys Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Ser Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp 145 150 155 160	
Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Ala Glu Thr Asn Gly Asp 165 170 175	
Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu 180 185 190	
Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp 195 200 205	
Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly 210 215 220	
Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val 225 230 235 240	
Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr	

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

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				245					250					255	
Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 260	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser 265	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys 270	Arg	Thr
Glu	Val	Lys 275	Ile	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr 280	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	Glu 285	Lys	Asp	Gly
Lys	Leu 290	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Asp 295	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asn	Asp 300	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp
Lys 305	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val 310	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val 315	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn 320
Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg 325	Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 330	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr 335	Gly
Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys 340	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr 345	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asn	Val 350	Thr	Phe
Λla	Ser	Gly 355	Lys	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala 360	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp 365	Asp	Gln	Gly
Asn	Ile 370	Thr	Val	Met	Tyr	Asp 375	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp 380	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val
Asn 385	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser 390	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp 395	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 400
Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 405	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn 410	Val	Ser	Pro	Ser	Lys 415	Gly
Lys	Met	Asp	Glu 420	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn 425	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile 430	Glu	Ile
Thr	Arg	Asn 435	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp 440	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met 445	Thr	Pro	Gln
Phe	Ser 450	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly 455	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala 460	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser
Val 465	Asp	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala 470	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser 475	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys 480
Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr 485	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly 490	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp 495	Val
Thr	Asn	Val	Ala 500	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val 505	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn 510	Asn	His
Ile	Asp	Asn 515	Val	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala 520	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ile	Ala 525	Gln	Ala	Ile
Ala	Thr 530	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Gln 535	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Gly 540	Lys	Ser	Met	Met
Ala 545	Ile	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr 550	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala 555	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly 560
Туг	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser 565	Asp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Trp 570	Ile	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr 575	Ala
Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser 580	Arg	Gly	His	Phe	Gly 585	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val 590	Gly	Туr

Gln Trp <210> 10 <211> 1776 <212> DNA <213> Neisseria meningitidis <220> <221> CDS <222> (1)..(1776) <400> 10 48 atg aac gaa ata ttg cgc atc att tgg aat agc gcc ctc aat gcc tgg Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp gtc gtt gta tcc gag ctc aca cgc aac cac acc aaa cgc gcc tcc gca 96 Val Val Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala acc gtg aag acc gcc gta ttg gcg act ctg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag 144 Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln 40 gca agt gct aac aat gaa gag caa gaa gaa gat tta tat tta gac ccc 192 Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp Pro 55 gtg cta cgc act gtt gcc gtg ttg ata gtc aat tcc gat aaa gaa ggc Val Leu Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly acg gga gaa aaa gaa aaa gta gaa gaa aat tca gat tgg gca gta tat 288 Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val Tyr 90 85 336 ttc aac gag aaa gga gta cta aca gcc aga gaa atc acc ctc aaa gcc Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala 105 100 ggc gac aac ctg aaa atc aaa caa aac ggc aca aac ttc acc tac tcg 384 Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr Ser 120 432 ctq aaa aaa gac ctc aca gat ctg acc agt gtt gga act gaa aaa tta Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys Leu 135 140 tcg ttt agc gca aac ggc aat aaa gtc aac atc aca agc gac acc aaa Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys 150 ggc ttg aat ttt gcg aaa gaa acg gct ggg acg aac ggc gac acc acg 528 Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr gtt cat ctg aac ggt att ggt tcg act ttg acc gat acg ctg ctg aat Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn 180 185 190 acc qqa qcq acc aca aac qta acc aac qac aac qtt acc qat gac gag Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

200

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205

									-+-	++-			~~~	•~~		672
aaa Lys	aaa Lys 210	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	gtt Val 215	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn 220	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asn	672
att Ile 225	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gtt Val	aaa Lys	ccc Pro 230	ggt Gly	aca Thr	aca Thr	gct Ala	tcc Ser 235	gat Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val	gat Asp	ttc Phe 240	720
gtc Val	cgc Arg	act Thr	tac Tyr	gac Asp 245	aca Thr	gtc Val	gag Glu	ttc Phe	ttg Leu 250	agc Ser	gca Ala	gat Asp	acg Thr	aaa Lys 255	aca Thr	768
						agc Ser										816
aaa Lys	atc Ile	ggt Gly 275	gcg Ala	aag Lys	act Thr	tct Ser	gtt Val 280	att Ile	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	aaa Lys	gac Asp 285	ggt Gly	aag Lys	ttg Leu	864
gtt Val	act Thr 290	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	gac Asp	aaa Lys	ggc Gly 295	gag Glu	aat Asn	ggt Gly	tct Ser	tct Ser 300	aca Thr	gac Asp	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	912
gaa Glu 305	ggc Gly	tta Leu	gtg Val	act Thr	gca Ala 310	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtg Val	att Ile	gat Asp 315	gca Ala	gta Val	aac Asn	aag Lys	gct Ala 320	960
ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg	atg Met	aaa Lys 325	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr	gct Ala	aat Asn 330	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr	ggt Gly	caa Gln 335	gct Ala	1008
gac Asp	aag Lys	ttt Phe	gaa Glu 340	acc Thr	gtt Val	aca Thr	tca Ser	ggc Gly 345	aca Thr	aat Asn	gta Val	acc Thr	ttt Phe 350	gct Ala	agt Ser	1056
ggt Gly	aaa Lys	ggt Gly 355	aca Thr	act Thr	gcg Ala	act Thr	gta Val 360	agt Ser	aaa Lys	gat Asp	gat Asp	caa Gln 365	ggc Gly	aac Asn	atc Ile	1104
act Thr	gtt Val 370	atg Met	tat Tyr	gat Asp	gta Val	aat Asn 375	gtc Val	ggc Gly	gat Asp	gcc Ala	cta Leu 380	aac Asn	gtc Val	aat Asn	cag Gln	1152
						aat Asn										1200
tcg Ser	ggc Gly	aaa Lys	gtc Val	atc Ile 405	agc Ser	ggc Gly	aat Asn	gtt Val	tcg Ser 410	ccg Pro	agc Ser	aag Lys	gga Gly	aag Lys 415	atg Met	1248
gat Asp	gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtc Val 420	aac Asn	att Ile	aat Asn	gcc Ala	ggc Gly 425	aac Asn	aac Asn	atc Ile	gag Glu	att Ile 430	acc Thr	cgc Arg	1296
aac Asn	ggt Gly	aaa Lys 435	aat Asn	atc Ile	gac Asp	atc Ile	gcc Ala 440	Thr	tcg Ser	atg Met	acc Thr	ccg Pro 445	cag Gln	ttt Phe	tcc Ser	1344
agc Ser	gtt Val 450	Ser	ctc Leu	ggc Gly	gcg Ala	ggg Gly <b>45</b> 5	gcg Ala	gat Asp	gcg Ala	ccc Pro	act Thr 460	ttg Leu	agc Ser	gtg Val	gat Asp	1392
ggg	gac	gca	ttg	aat	gtc	ggc	agc	aag	aag	gac	aac	aaa	ccc	gtc	cgc	1440

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

#### xxii

Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Lys Asp Asn Lys Pro Val Ard 465	0 c 1488												
The Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val 485  gca caa ctt aaa ggc gtg gcg caa aac ttg aac aac cgc atc gac aa Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp As													
Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp As													
300 303 310													
gtg gac ggc aac gcg cgt gcg ggc atc gcc caa gcg att gca acc gc Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Al 515 520 525													
ggt ctg gtt cag gcg tat ttg ccc ggc aag agt atg atg gcg atc gg Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gl 530 535 540	c 1632 y												
ggc ggc act tat cgc ggc gaa gcc ggt tac gcc atc ggc tac tcc ag Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Se 545 550 555	r												
att tcc gac ggc gga aat tgg att atc aaa ggc acg gct tcc ggc aa Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly As 565 570 575	t 1728 n												
tcg cgc ggc cat ttc ggt gct tcc gca tct gtc ggt tat cag tgg ta Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp 580 585 590	a 1776												
<210> 11 <211> 591 <212> PRT <213> Neisseria meningitidis													
-													
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr</pre>	р												
<400> 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr													
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr</pre>	a												
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr 1</pre>	a n												
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr 1</pre>	a n												
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr 1</pre>	a n o y 0												
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr 1</pre>	a n o y 0 r												
<pre>&lt;400&gt; 11 Met Asn Glu Ile Leu Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Tr 1</pre>	a n o y 0 r												

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU xxiii

Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys 155 Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn 185 Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn 215 Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Val 265 Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu 280 Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala 330 Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Phe Ala Ser 345 Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn Ile 360 Thr Val Met Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Gln Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp 455 Gly Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Lys Asp Asn Lys Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val

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490

#### xxiv

Ala Gln Leu	Lys Gly Val	Ala Gln Asn 505	Leu Asn Asn	Arg Ile Asp 510	Asn								
Val Asp Gly 515	Asn Ala Arg	Ala Gly Ile 520	Ala Gln Ala	Ile Ala Thr 525	Ala								
Gly Leu Val 530	Gln Ala Tyr	Leu Pro Gly 535	Lys Ser Met 540	Met Ala Ile	Gly								
Gly Gly Thr 545	Tyr Arg Gly 550	Glu Ala Gly	Tyr Ala Ile 555	Gly Tyr Ser	Ser 560								
Ile Ser Asp	Gly Gly Asn 565	Trp Ile Ile	Lys Gly Thr 570	Ala Ser Gly 575	Asn								
Ser Arg Gly	His Phe Gly 580	Ala Ser Ala 585	Ser Val Gly	Tyr Gln Trp 590									
<210> 12 <211> 1797 <212> DNA <213> Neisseria meningitidis													
<220> <221> CDS <222> (1)(1797)													
<400> 12 atg aac aaa Met Asn Lys 1	ata tac cgc Ile Tyr Arg 5	atc att tgg Ile Ile Trp	aat agt gcc Asn Ser Ala 10	ctc aat gcc Leu Asn Ala 15	tgg 48 Trp								
gtc gtc gta Val Val Val	tcc gag ctc Ser Glu Leu 20	aca cgc aac Thr Arg Asn 25	cac acc aaa His Thr Lys	cgc gcc tcc Arg Ala Ser 30	gca 96 Ala								
acc gtg gcg Thr Val Ala 35	acc gcc gta Thr Ala Val	ttg gcg aca Leu Ala Thr 40	ctg ttg ttt Leu Leu Phe	gca acg gtt Ala Thr Val 45	cag 144 Gln								
		gac gat tta Asp Asp Leu 55											
		ttc cgt tcc Phe Arg Ser											
		tca aat tgg Ser Asn Trp			Lys								
		gca atc acc Ala Ile Thr 105											
	Gln Asn Thi	: aat gaa aac : Asn Glu Asn 120											
		ctg aaa aaa Leu Lys Lys 135	-										

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														gtc Val		480
														gct Ala 175		528
acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly	gac Asp 180	ccc Pro	acg Thr	gtt Val	cat His	ctg Leu 185	aac Asn	ggt Gly	atc Ile	ggt Gly	tcg Ser 190	act Thr	ttg Leu	576
														aac Asn		624
														gac Asp		672
														aca Thr		720
tcc Ser	gat Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val	gat Asp 245	ttc Phe	gtc Val	cgc Arg	act Thr	tac Tyr 250	gac Asp	aca Thr	gtc Val	gag Glu	ttc Phe 255	ttg Leu	768
agc Ser	gca Ala	gat Asp	acg Thr 260	aaa Lys	aca Thr	acg Thr	act Thr	gtt Val 265	aat Asn	gtg Val	gaa Glu	agc Ser	aaa Lys 270	gac Asp	aac Asn	816
ggc Gly	aag Lys	aaa Lys 275	acc Thr	gaa Glu	gtt Val	aaa Lys	atc Ile 280	ggt Gly	gcg Ala	aag Lys	act Thr	tct Ser 285	gtt Val	att Ile	aaa Lys	864
gaa Glu	aaa Lys 290	gac Asp	ggt Gly	aag Lys	ttg Leu	gtt Val 295	act Thr	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	aaa Lys 300	gac Asp	gag Glu	aat Asn	ggt Gly	912
tct Ser 305	tct Ser	aca Thr	gac Asp	gaa Glu	ggc Gly 310	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	tta Leu	gtg Val	act Thr 315	gca Ala	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtg Val	att Ile 320	960
														gct Ala 335		1008
														ggc Gly		1056
														agt Ser		1104
														ggc Gly		1152
	Leu					Leu								gat Asp		1200

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

#### xxvi

	gcg Ala															1248
ccg Pro	agc Ser	aag Lys	gga Gly 420	aag Lys	atg Met	gat Asp	gaa Glu	acc Thr 425	gtc Val	aac Asn	att Ile	aat Asn	gcc Ala 430	ggc Gly	aac Asn	1296
aac Asn	atc Ile	gag Glu 435	att Ile	acc Thr	cgc Arg	aac Asn	ggc Gly 440	aaa Lys	aat Asn	atc Ile	gac Asp	atc Ile 445	gcc Ala	act Thr	tcg Ser	1344
	acc Thr 450															1392
	act Thr															1440
gat Asp	gcc Ala	aac Asn	aaa Lys	ccc Pro 485	gtc Val	cgc Arg	att Ile	acc Thr	aat Asn 490	gtc Val	gcc Ala	ccg Pro	ggc Gly	gtt Val 495	aaa Lys	1488
gag Glu	Gly	gat Asp	gtt Val 500	aca Thr	aac Asn	gtc Val	gca Ala	caa Gln 505	ctt Leu	aaa Lys	ggt Gly	gtg Val	gcg Ala 510	caa Gln	aac Asn	1536
ttg Leu	aac Asn	aac Asn 515	cgc Arg	atc Ile	gac Asp	aat Asn	gtg Val 520	gac Asp	ggc Gly	aac Asn	gcg Ala	cgc Arg 525	gcg Ala	ggt Gly	atc Ile	1584
gcc Ala	caa Gln 530	gcg Ala	att Ile	gca Ala	acc Thr	gca Ala 535	ggt Gly	ttg Leu	gct Ala	cag Gln	gcg Ala 540	tat Tyr	ttg Leu	ccc Pro	ggc Gly	1632
	agt Ser															1680
	gcc Ala															1728
	ggc Gly															1776
	gtc Val		Tyr			taa										1797
<21 <21	0> 1 1> 5 2> P 3> N	98 RT	eria	men	ingi	tidi	s									
	0> 1 Asn		Ile	Tyr 5	Arg	Ile	Ile	Trp	Asn 10		Ala	Leu	Asn	Ala 15		
Val	Val	Val	Ser 20		Leu	Thr	Arg	Asn 25		Thr	Lys	Arg	Ala 30	Ser	Ala	

#### xxvii

Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Glu Pro Val Gln Arg Thr Ala Val Val Leu Ser Phe Arg Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Gly Thr Glu Asp Ser Asn Trp Ala Val Tyr Phe Asp Glu Lys Arg Val Leu Lys Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu 100 105 Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Asp 120 Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser 135 Val Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly 170 Thr Asn Gly Asp Pro Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu 185 Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp 200 Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn 265 Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Asp Glu Asn Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr 345 Lys Val Thr Phe Ala Ser Gly Asn Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Lys Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly Asp 375 380

#### xxviii

Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp Ser 395 390 Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn 425 Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr Ser Met Thr Pro Gln Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp Asp Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Asp Ala Asn Lys Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn 505 Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile 520 Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Ala Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly 555 Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Thr Gly Asn Trp Val Ile 570 Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser Ala 585 Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp 595 <210> 14 <211> 1800 <212> DNA <213> Neisseria meningitidis <220> <221> CDS <222> (1)..(1800) <400> 14 atg aac aaa ata tac cgc atc att tgg aat agt gcc ctc aat gcc tgg Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp 10 gto gcc gta too gag oto aca ogc aac cac acc aaa ogc gcc too gca 96 Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala acc gtg aag acc gcc gta ttg gcg acg ctg ttg ttt gca acg gtt cag 144 Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln 40

#### xxix

														gta Val		192
_		-	_		_			_		-		-		aat Asn		240
														gac Asp 95		288
														gac Asp		336
														acc Thr		384
-	_	_				-	-							ctg Leu		432
														aaa Lys		480
														acg Thr 175		528
ggg Gly	acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly 180	gac Asp	acc Thr	acg Thr	gtt Val	cat His 185	ctg Leu	aac Asn	ggt Gly	att Ile	ggt Gly 190	tcg Ser	act Thr	576
														acc Thr		624
_		-		_	-	-			_					aaa Lys		672
														aca Thr		720
														gag Glu 255		768
_	_	_	_	_			-		-			_	_	aaa Lys	_	816
		-	_		_	-					_			gtt Val		864
														gag Glu		912

				-	-									gaa Glu	-	960
-	_	_	_		_	_			_	_				acc Thr 335	-	1008
														tca Ser		1056
														gta Val		1104
														gtc Val		1152
														ttg Leu		1200
														aat Asn 415		1248
														gcc Ala		1296
aac Asn	aac Asn	atc Ile 435	gag Glu	att Ile	acc Thr	cgc Arg	aac Asn 440	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	aat Asn	atc Ile	gac Asp 445	atc Ile	gcc Ala	act Thr	1344
														gcg Ala		1392
														ggc Gly		1440
														ggc Gly 495		1488
														gcg Ala		1536
														gcg Ala		1584
	-				-		-		-	-				ctg Leu		1632
	Lys													gaa Glu		1680
ggt	tac	gcc	atc	ggc	tac	tcc	agt	att	tcc	gac	ggc	gga	aat	tgg	att	1728

xxxi

Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile 565 570 575

atc aaa ggc acg gct tcc ggc aat tcg cgc ggt cat ttc ggt gct tcc 1776 Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser 580 585 590

gca tct gtc ggt tat cag tgg taa Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp 595 600 1800

<210> 15

<211> 599 <212> PRT

<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<400> 15

Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp 1 5 10 15

Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala 20 25 30

Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln 35 40 45

Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Glu Asp Glu Glu Glu Glu Leu Glu Pro Val Val
50 55 60

Arg Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Gln Phe Met Ile Asp Lys Glu Gly Asn Gly 65 70 75 80

Glu Asn Glu Ser Thr Gly Asn Ile Gly Trp Ser Ile Tyr Tyr Asp Asn 85 90 95

His Asn Thr Leu His Gly Ala Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn 100 105 110

Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Lys Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn 115 120 125

Asp Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr 130 135 140

Ser Val Glu Thr Glu Lys Leu Ser Phe Gly Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val 145 150 155 160

Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala 165 170 175

Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr 180 185 190

Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn 195 200 205

Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Lys Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp 210 215 220 .

Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr 225 230 235 240

#### xxxii

Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp 260 265 Asn Gly Lys Arg Thr Glu Val Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile 280 Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu Val Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Gly Glu Asn 295 Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly Glu Gly Leu Val Thr Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Lys Ala Gly Trp Arg Met Lys Thr Thr Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Gly Gln Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Phe Ala Ser Gly Lys Gly Thr Thr Ala Thr Val Ser Lys Asp Asp Gln Gly Asn Ile Thr Val Lys Tyr Asp Val Asn Val Gly 375 Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Asn Gln Leu Gln Asn Ser Gly Trp Asn Leu Asp 395 Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Gly Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ile Ser Gly Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Lys Gly Lys Met Asp Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asn Ala Gly Asn Asn Ile Glu Ile Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Thr 440 Ser Met Thr Pro Gln Phe Ser Ser Val Ser Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp 455 Ala Pro Thr Leu Ser Val Asp Asp Lys Gly Ala Leu Asn Val Gly Ser Lys Asp Ala Asn Lys Pro Val Arg Ile Thr Asn Val Ala Pro Gly Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Asn Val Ala Gln Leu Lys Gly Val Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Arg Ile Asp Asn Val Asp Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile Ala Gln Ala Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu Pro 535 Gly Lys Ser Met Met Ala Ile Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala 555 Gly Tyr Ala Ile Gly Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp Ile 570 Ile Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg Gly His Phe Gly Ala Ser 585

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp

## xxxiii

595

<211 <212 <213 <220 <221	)> .> CE	79 A isse		meni	ngit	idis										
			,1,7,	,,												
atq	> 16 aac Asn	aaa	ata Ile	tac Tyr 5	cgc Arg	atc Ile	att Ile	tgg Trp	aat Asn 10	agt Ser	gcc Ala	ctc Leu	aat Asn	gcc Ala 15	tgg Trp	48
gtc Val	gcc Ala	gta Val	tcc Ser 20	gag Glu	ctc Leu	aca Thr	cgc Arg	aac Asn 25	cac His	acc Thr	aaa Lys	cgc Arg	gcc Ala 30	tcc Ser	gca Ala	96
acc Thr	gtg Val	aag Lys 35	acc Thr	gcc Ala	gta Val	ttg Leu	gcg Ala 40	aca Thr	ctg Leu	ttg Leu	ttt Phe	gca Ala 45	acg Thr	gtt Val	cag Gln	144
gcg Ala	aat Asn 50	gct Ala	acc Thr	gat Asp	gaa Glu	gat Asp 55	gaa Glu	gaa Glu	gaa Glu	gag Glu	tta Leu 60	gaa Glu	tcc Ser	gta Val	caa Gln	192
cgc Arg 65	tct Ser	gtc Val	gta Val	ggg Gly	agc Ser 70	att Ile	caa Gln	gcc Ala	agt Ser	atg Met 75	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	agc Ser	gtc Val	gaa Glu 80	240
ttg Leu	gaa Glu	acg Thr	ata Ile	tca Ser 85	tta Leu	tca Ser	atg Met	act Thr	aac Asn 90	gac Asp	agc Ser	aag Lys	gaa Glu	ttt Phe 95	gta Val	288
gac Asp	cca Pro	tac Tyr	ata Ile 100	gta Val	gtt Val	acc Thr	ctc Leu	aaa Lys 105	gcc Ala	ggc Gly	gac Asp	aac Asn	ctg Leu 110	aaa Lys	atc Ile	336
aaa Lys	caa Gln	aac Asn 115	acc Thr	aat Asn	gaa Glu	aac Asn	acc Thr 120	aat Asn	gcc Ala	agt Ser	agc Ser	ttc Phe 125	acc Thr	tac Tyr	tcg Ser	384
ctg Leu	aaa Lys 130	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ctc Leu	aca Thr	ggc Gly 135	ctg Leu	atc Ile	aat Asn	gtt Val	gaa Glu 140	act Thr	gaa Glu	aaa Lys	tta Leu	432
tcg Ser 145	ttt Phe	ggc	gca Ala	aac Asn	ggc Gly 150	aag Lys	aaa Lys	gtc Val	aac Asn	atc Ile 155	ata Ile	agc Ser	gac Asp	acc Thr	aaa Lys 160	480
ggc Gly	ttg Leu	aat Asn	ttc Phe	gcg Ala 165	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	acg Thr	gct Ala	ggg Gly 170	acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly	gac Asp	acc Thr 175	acg Thr	528
gtt Val	cat His	ctg Leu	aac Asn 180	Gly	atc Ile	ggt Gly	tcg Ser	act Thr 185	ttg Leu	acc Thr	gat Asp	atg Met	ctg Leu 190	ctg Leu	aat Asn	576
acc Thr	gga Gly	gcg Ala 195	acc Thr	aca Thr	aac Asn	gta Val	acc Thr 200	Asn	gac Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val	acc Thr 205	Asp	gac Asp	gag Glu	624

#### xxxiv

			gcg Ala													672
			gtt Val													720
			tac Tyr													768
			aat Asn 260													816
			gcg Ala													864
			aaa Lys													912
gaa Glu 305	ggc Gly	tta Leu	gtg Val	act Thr	gca Ala 310	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtg Val	att Ile	gat Asp 315	gca Ala	gta Val	aac Asn	aag Lys	gct Ala 320	960
ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg	atg Met	aaa Lys 325	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr	gct Ala	aat Asn 330	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr	ggt Gly	caa Gln 335	gct Ala	1008
gac Asp	aag Lys	ttt Phe	gaa Glu 340	acc Thr	gtt Val	aca Thr	tca Ser	ggc Gly 345	aca Thr	aaa Lys	gta Val	acc Thr	ttt Phe 350	gct Ala	agt Ser	1056
ggt Gly	aat Asn	ggt Gly 355	aca Thr	act Thr	gcg Ala	act Thr	gta Val 360	agt Ser	aaa Lys	gat Asp	gat Asp	caa Gln 365	ggc Gly	aac Asn	atc Ile	1104
			tat Tyr													1152
			agc Ser													1200
tcg Ser	ggc Gly	aaa Lys	gtc Val	atc Ile 405	agc Ser	ggc Gly	aat Asn	gtt Val	tcg Ser 410	ccg Pro	agc Ser	aag Lys	gga Gly	aag Lys 415	atg Met	1248
gat Asp	gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtc Val 420	aac Asn	att Ile	aat Asn	gcc Ala	ggc Gly 425	aac Asn	aac Asn	atc Ile	gag Glu	att Ile 430	acc Thr	cgc Arg	1296
aac Asn	ggc Gly	aaa Lys 435	aat Asn	atc Ile	gac Asp	atc Ile	gcc Ala 440	act Thr	tcg Ser	atg Met	acc Thr	ccg Pro 445	caa Gln	ttt Phe	tcc Ser	1344
			ctc Leu													1392
gac	gag	ggc	gcg	ttg	aat	gtc	ggc	agc	aag	gat	gcc	aac	aaa	ccc	gtc	1440

#### XXXV

Asp 465	Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn 470	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp 475	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro	Val 480	
														aca Thr 495		1488
,										_			_	atc Ile	_	1536
														gca Ala		1584
														gcg Ala		1632
														tac Tyr		1680
agc Ser	att Ile	tcc Ser	gcc Ala	ggc Gly 565	gga Gly	aat Asn	tgg Trp	att Ile	atc Ile 570	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	acg Thr	gct Ala	tcc Ser 575	ggc Gly	1728
														cag Gln		1776
taa																1779

<210> 17

<211> 592

<212> PRT

<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<400> 17

Met Asn Lys Ile Tyr Arg Ile Ile Trp Asn Ser Ala Leu Asn Ala Trp  $1 \hspace{1cm} 5 \hspace{1cm} 10 \hspace{1cm} 15$ 

Val Ala Val Ser Glu Leu Thr Arg Asn His Thr Lys Arg Ala Ser Ala  $20 \hspace{1.5cm} 25 \hspace{1.5cm} 30$ 

Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln 35 40 45

Ala Asn Ala Thr Asp Glu Asp Glu Glu Glu Glu Leu Glu Ser Val Gln 50 55 60

Arg Ser Val Val Gly Ser Ile Gln Ala Ser Met Glu Gly Ser Val Glu 65 70 75 80

Leu Glu Thr Ile Ser Leu Ser Met Thr Asn Asp Ser Lys Glu Phe Val 85 90 95

Asp Pro Tyr Ile Val Val Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile 100 105 110

Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser 115 120 125

#### xxxvi

Leu	Lys 130	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Gly 135	Leu	Ile	Asn	Val	Glu 140	Thr	Glu	Lys	Leu
Ser 145	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly 150	Lys	Lys	Val	Asn	Ile 155	Ile	Ser	Asp	Thr	Lys 160
Gly	Leu	Asn	Phe	Ala 165	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ala	Gly 170	Thr	Asn	Gly	Asp	Thr 175	Thr
Val	His	Leu	Asn 180	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ser	Thr 185	Leu	Thr	Asp	Met	Leu 190	Leu	Asn
Thr	Gly	Ala 195	Thr	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr 200	Asn	Asp	Asn	Val	Thr 205	Asp	Asp	Glu
Lys	Lys 210	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Val 215	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn 220	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asn
Ile 225	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro 230	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser 235	Asp	Asn	Val	Asp	Phe 240
Val	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Asp 245	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu 250	Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr	Lys 255	Thr
Thr	Thr	Val	Asn 260	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asp 265	Asn	Gly	Lys	Lys	Thr 270	Glu	Val
Lys	Ile	Gly 275	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ser	Val 280	Ile	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp 285	Gly	Lys	Leu
Val	Thr 290	Gly	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly 295	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ser 300	Thr	Asp	Glu	Gly
Glu 305	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala 310	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp 315	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala 320
_				325					330					Gln 335	
_	-		340					345					350	Ala	
		355					360					365		Asn	
Thr	Val 370	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val	Asn 375	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu 380	Asn	Val	Asn	Gln
Leu 385	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp 390	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys 395	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser 400
Ser	Gly	Lys	Val	Ile 405	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val	Ser 410	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys 415	Met
Asp	Glu	Thr	Val 420	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala	Gly 425	Asn	Asn	Ile	Glu	Ile 430	Thr	Arg
Asn	Gly	Lys 435	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ala 440		Ser	Met	Thr	Pro 445	Gln	Phe	Ser
Ser	Val 450		Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly 455	Ala	Asp	Ala	Pro	Thr 460		Ser	Val	Asp
Asp 465		Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn 470	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp 475		Asn	Lys	Pro	Val 480

## xxxvii

Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn	Val 485	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val	Lys 490	Glu	Gly	Asp	Val	Thr 495	Asn	
Val	Ala	Gln	Leu 500	Lys	Gly	Val	Ala	Gln 505	Asn	Leu	Asn	Asn	Arg 510	Ile	Asp	
Asn	Val	Asn 515	Gly	Asn	Ala	Arg	Ala 520	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala 525	Ile	Ala	Thr	
Ala	Gly 530	Leu	Val	Gln	Ala	Tyr 535	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Ser 540	Met	Met	Ala	Ile	
Gly 545	Gly	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu 550	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly	Tyr 555	Ala	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser 560	
Ser	Ile	Ser	Ala	Gly 565	Gly	Asn	Trp	Ile	Ile 570	Lys	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser 575	Gly	
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gta Val	gtc Val	gta Val	tcc Ser 20	gag Glu	ctc Leu	aca Thr	cgc Arg	aac Asn 25	cac His	acc Thr	aaa Lys	cgc Arg	gcc Ala 30	tcc Ser	gca Ala	96
acc Thr	gtg Val	gcg Ala 35	acc Thr	gcc Ala	gta Val	ttg Leu	gcg Ala 40	aca Thr	ctg Leu	ctg Leu	tcc Ser	gca Ala 45	acg Thr	gtt Val	cag Gln	144
								gat Asp								192
Arg	tct Ser	gct Ala	ctg Leu	gtg Val	ttg Leu 70	caa Gln	ttc Phe	atg Met	atc Ile	gat Asp 75	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	aat Asn	gga Gly 80	240
65					, ,											
gaa	atc	gaa Glu	tct Ser	aca Thr 85	gga	gat Asp	ata Ile	ggt Gly	tgg Trp 90	agt Ser	ata Ile	tat Tyr	tac Tyr	gac Asp 95	gat Asp	288
gaa Glu cac	atc Ile aac	Glu	Ser	Thr 85 cac	gga Gly ggc	Asp gca	Ile	ggt Gly gtt Val 105	Trp 90 acc	Ser	Ile aaa	Tyr	Tyr ggc	Asp 95 gac	Asp	288

#### xxxviii

gag Glu	ctg Leu 130	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ctg Leu	acc Thr	agt Ser 135	gtt Val	gaa Glu	act Thr	gaa Glu	aaa Lys 140	tta Leu	tcg Ser	ttt Phe	ggc Gly	432
gca Ala 145	aac Asn	ggt Gly	aat Asn	aaa Lys	gtc Val 150	aac Asn	atc Ile	aca Thr	agc Ser	gac Asp 155	acc Thr	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	ttg Leu	aat Asn 160	480
ttt Phe	gcg Ala	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	acg Thr 165	gct Ala	ggg Gly	acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly 170	gac Asp	ccc Pro	acg Thr	gtt Val	cat His 175	ctg Leu	528
aac Asn	ggt Gly	atc Ile	ggt Gly 180	tcg Ser	act Thr	ttg Leu	acc Thr	gat Asp 185	acg Thr	ctt Leu	gcg Ala	ggt Gly	tct Ser 190	tct Ser	gct Ala	576
tct Ser	cac His	gtt Val 195	gat Asp	gcg Ala	ggt Gly	aac Asn	caa Gln 200	agt Ser	aca Thr	cat His	tac Tyr	act Thr 205	cgt Arg	gca Ala	gca Ala	624
agt Ser	att Ile 210	aag Lys	gat Asp	gtg Val	ttg Leu	aat Asn 215	gcg Ala	ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aat Asn	att Ile 220	aag Lys	ggt Gly	gtt Val	aaa Lys	672
act Thr 225	ggc Gly	tca Ser	aca Thr	act Thr	ggt Gly 230	caa Gln	tca Ser	gaa Glu	aat Asn	gtc Val 235	gat Asp	ttc Phe	gtc Val	cgc Arg	act Thr 240	720
tac Tyr	gac Asp	aca Thr	gtc Val	gag Glu 245	ttc Phe	ttg Leu	agc Ser	gca Ala	gat Asp 250	acg Thr	aaa Lys	aca Thr	acg Thr	act Thr 255	gtt Val	768
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gcg Ala	aag Lys	act Thr 275	tct Ser	gtt Val	att Ile	aaa Lys	gaa Glu 280	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ggt Gly	aag Lys	ttg Leu 285	gtt Val	act Thr	ggt Gly	864
aaa Lys	ggc Gly 290	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gag Glu	aat Asn	ggt Gly 295	tct Ser	tct Ser	aca Thr	gac Asp	gaa Glu 300	ggc Gly	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	tta Leu	912
gtg Val 305	act Thr	gca Ala	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtg Val 310	att Ile	gat Asp	gca Ala	gta Val	aac Asn 315	aag Lys	gct Ala	ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg 320	960
atg <b>M</b> et	aaa Lys	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr 325	gct Ala	aat Asn	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr 330	ggt Gly	caa Gln	gct Ala	gac Asp	aag Lys 335	ttt Phe	1008
gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtt Val	aca Thr 340	tca Ser	ggc Gly	aca Thr	aaa Lys	gta Val 345	Thr	ttt Phe	gct Ala	agt Ser	ggt Gly 350	aat Asn	ggt Gly	1056
aca Thr	act Thr	gcg Ala 355	act Thr	gta Val	agt Ser	aaa Lys	gat Asp 360	Asp	caa Gln	ggc Gly	aac Asn	atc Ile 365	act Thr	gtt Val	aag Lys	1104
tat Tyr	gat Asp 370	Val	aat Asn	gtc Val	ggc Gly	gat Asp 375	gcc Ala	cta Leu	aac Asn	gtc Val	aat Asn 380	cag Gln	ctg Leu	caa Gln	aac Asn	1152
ago	ggt	tgg	aat	ttg	gat	tcc	aaa	gcg	gtt	gca	ggt	tct	tcg	ggc	aaa	1200

#### xxxix

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Ser 385	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	390	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 395	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 400	
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														gtt Val		1344
														gag Glu		1392
gcg Ala 465	ttg Leu	aat Asn	gtc Val	ggc Gly	agc Ser 470	aag Lys	gat Asp	gcc Ala	aac Asn	aaa Lys 475	ccc Pro	gtc Val	cgc Arg	att Ile	acc Thr 480	1440
														gca Ala 495		1488
														gtg Val		1536
ggc Gly	aac Asn	gcg Ala 515	cgc Arg	gcg Ala	ggt Gly	atc Ile	gcc Ala 520	caa Gln	gcg Ala	att Ile	gca Ala	acc Thr 525	gca Ala	ggt Gly	ttg Leu	1584
														ggc Gly		1632
act Thr 545	tat Tyr	ctc Leu	ggc Gly	gaa Glu	gcc Ala 550	ggt Gly	tac Tyr	gcc Ala	atc Ile	ggc Gly 555	tac Tyr	tcg Ser	agc Ser	att Ile	tct Ser 560	1680
gac Asp	act Thr	ggg Gly	aat Asn	tgg Trp 565	gtt Val	atc Ile	aag Lys	ggc Gly	acg Thr 570	gct Ala	tcc Ser	ggc Gly	aat Asn	tcg Ser 575	cgc Arg	1728
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Val	Val	Val	Ser 20		Leu	Thr	Arg	Asn 25	His	Thr	Lys	Arg	Ala 30	Ser	Ala	

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Thr Val Gln

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Ala	Asn 50	Ala	Thr	Asp	Thr	Asp 55	Glu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Leu 60	Glu	Ser	Val	Ala
Arg 65	Ser	Ala	Leu	Val	Leu 70	Gln	Phe	Met	Ile	<b>A</b> sp 75	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asn	Gly 80
Glu	Ile	Glu	Ser	Thr 85	Gly	Asp	Ile	Gly	Trp 90	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Tyr	Asp 95	Asp
His	Asn	Thr	Leu 100	His	Gly	Ala	Thr	<b>V</b> al 105	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly 110	Asp	Asn
Leu	Lys	Ile 115	Lys	Gln	Ser	Gly	Lys 120	Asp	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ser 125	Leu	Lys	Lys
Glu	Leu 130	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser 135	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu	Lys 140	Leu	Ser	Phe	Gly
Ala 145	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val 150	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ser	Asp 155	Thr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn 160
Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr 165	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly 170	Лsp	Pro	Thr	Val	His 175	Leu
Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly 180	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp 185	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gly	Ser 190	Ser	Ala
Ser	His	Val 195	Asp	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gln 200	Ser	Thr	His	Tyr	Thr 205	Arg	Ala	Ala
Ser	Ile 210	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn 215	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asn	Ile 220	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys
Thr 225	Gly	Ser	Thr	Thr	Gly 230	Gln	Ser	Glu	Asn	Val 235	Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr 240
Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu 245	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp 250	Thr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 255	Val
Asn	Val	Glu	Ser 260	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys 265	Arg	Thr	Glu	Val	Lys 270	Ile	Gly
Ala	Lys	Thr 275		Val	Ile	Lys	Glu 280	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Leu 285	Val	Thr	Gly
Lys	Gly 290		Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly 295	Ser	Ser	Thr	Asp	Glu 300	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu
Val 305		Ala	Lys	Glu	Val 310	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn 315	Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg 320
Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 325		Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr 330		Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys 335	Phe
Glu	Thr	Val	Thr 340		Gly	Thr	Lys	Val 345		Phe	Ala	Ser	Gly 350	Asn	Gly
Thr	Thr	Ala 355		Val	Ser	Lys	Asp 360	Asp	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ile 365		Val	Lys
Tyr	Asp 370		Asn	Val	Gly	Asp 375		Leu	Asn	Val	Asn 380		Leu	Gln	Asn

Ser 385	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp 390	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 395	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 400	
Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn 405	Val	Ser	Pro	Ser	Lys 410	Gly	Lys	Met	Asp	Glu 415	Thr	
Val	Asn	Ile	Asn 420	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile 425	Glu	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asn 430	Gly	Lys	
Asn	Ile	Asp 435	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met 440	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser 445	Ser	Val	Ser	
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Ala 465	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser 470	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys 475	Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr 480	
Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly 485	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp 490	Val	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala 495	Gln	
Leu	Lys	Gly	Val 500	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn 505	Asn	Arg	Ile	Aṣp	Asn 510	Val	Asn	
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Ala	Gln 530	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Gly 535	Lys	Ser	Met	Met	Ala 540	Ile	Gly	Gly	Gly	
Thr 545	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Glu	Ala 550	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly 555	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser 560	
Asp	Thr	Gly	Asn	Trp 565	Val	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr 570	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser 575	Arg	
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acc Thr	gtg Val	aag Lys 35	Thr	gcc Ala	gta Val	ttg Leu	gcg Ala 40	Thr	ctg Leu	ttg Leu	ttt Phe	gca Ala 45	acg Thr	gtt Val	cag Gln	144
		Ala					Gln					Tyr		gac Asp		192

## xlii

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														gta Val 95		288
														aaa Lys		336
ggc Gly	gac Asp	aac Asn 115	ctg Leu	aaa Lys	atc Ile	aaa Lys	caa Gln 120	aac Asn	ggc Gly	aca Thr	aac Asn	ttc Phe 125	acc Thr	tac Tyr	tcg Ser	384
ctg Leu	aaa Lys 130	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ctc Leu	aca Thr	gat Asp 135	ctg Leu	acc Thr	agt Ser	gtt Val	gga Gly 140	act Thr	gaa Glu	aaa Lys	tta Leu	432
tcg Ser 145	ttt Phe	agc Ser	gca Ala	aac Asn	ggc Gly 150	aat Asn	aaa Lys	gtc Val	aac Asn	atc Ile 155	aca Thr	agc Ser	gac Asp	acc Thr	aaa Lys 160	480
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gtt Val	cat His	ctg Leu	aac Asn 180	ggt Gly	att Ile	ggt Gly	tcg Ser	act Thr 185	ttg Leu	acc Thr	gat Asp	acg Thr	ctg Leu 190	ctg Leu	aat Asn	576
acc Thr	gga Gly	gcg Ala 195	acc Thr	aca Thr	aac Asn	gta Val	acc Thr 200	aac Asn	gac Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val	acc Thr 205	gat Asp	gac Asp	gag Glu	624
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		Gly												gaa Glu		912
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#### xliii

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														gct Ala		1056
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aac Asn	ggt Gly	aaa Lys 435	aat Asn	atc Ile	gac Asp	atc Ile	gcc Ala 440	act Thr	tcg Ser	atg Met	acc Thr	ccg Pro 445	cag Gln	ttt Phe	tcc Ser	1344
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#### xliv

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Thr Val Lys Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Ala Thr Val Gln
35 40 45

Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp Pro 50 55 60

Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly 65 70 75 80

Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val Tyr
85 90 95

Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala 100 105 110

Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr Ser 115 120 125

Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys Leu 130 135 140

Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys 145 150 155 160

Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr 165 170 175

Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn 180 185 190

Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu 195 200 205

Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn 210 215 220

Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe 225 230 235 240

Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr 245 250 255

Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Val 260 265 270

Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu 275 280 285

Val Thr Gly Lys Asp Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly Ser Ser Thr Asp Glu Gly

xlv

290		295			300					
Glu Gly Le	u Val Thr	Ala Lys 310	Glu Vá	al Ile	Asp Ala 315	Val A	sn Lys	Ala 320		
Gly Trp Ar	g Met Lys 325		Thr Al	la Asn 330	Gly Gln	Thr G	ly Gln 335	Ala		
Asp Lys Ph	e Glu Thr 340	Val Thr		ly Thr 45	Asn Val		he Ala 50	Ser		
Gly Lys Gl		Ala Thr	Val Se	er Lys	Asp Asp	Gln G. 365	ly Asn	Ile		
Thr Val Me 370	t Tyr Asp	Val Asn 375		ly Asp	Ala Leu 380	Asn V	al Asn	Gln		
Leu Gln As 385	n Ser Gly	Trp Asn 390	Leu As	sp Ser	Lys Ala 395	Val A	la Gly	Ser 400		
Ser Gly Ly	s Val Ile 409		Asn Va	al Ser 410	Pro Ser	Lys G	ly Lys 415	Met		
Asp Glu Th	r Val Ası 420	ı Ile Asn		ly Asn 25	Asn Ile		le Thr 30	Arg		
Asn Gly Ly 43		Asp Ile	Ala Th	hr Ser	Met Thr	Pro G	ln Phe	Ser		
Ser Val Se 450	er Leu Gly	Ala Gly 455		sp Ala	Pro Thr 460	Leu S	er Val	Asp		
Gly Asp Al 465	a Leu Ası	val Gly 470	Ser Ly	ys Lys	Asp Asn 475	Lys P	ro Val	Arg 480		
Ile Thr As	sn Val Ala 48		Val L	ys Glu 490	Gly Asp	Val T	hr Asn 495	Val		
Ala Gln Le	eu Lys Gly 500	y Val Ala		sn Leu 05	Asn Asn		le Asp 10	Asn		
Val Asp G	Ly Asn Ala L5	a Arg Ala	Gly I. 520	le Ala	Gln Ala	Ile A 525	la Thr	Ala		
Gly Leu Va 530	al Gln Ala	a Tyr Leu 535		ly Lys	Ser Met 540		la Ile	Gly		
Gly Gly T 545	nr Tyr Ar	g Gly Glu 550	ı Ala G	ly Tyr	Ala Ile 555	Gly T	yr Ser	Ser 560		
Ile Ser A	sp Gly Gl 56		lle I	le Lys 570	Gly Thr	Ala S	er Gly 575	Asn		
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xlvi

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## xlvii

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International applicati  $\, n \, No. \,$ 

PCT/AU 98/01031

A.	CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		ं ्					
Int Cl <sup>6</sup> :	C07K 14/22; C12N 15/31							
According to I	According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both nati nal classification and IPC							
В.	B. FIELDS SEARCHED							
	Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  Int Cl <sup>6</sup> : C07K 14/22; C12N 15/31							
Documentation As below	Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched As below							
	base consulted during the international search (name of		terms used)					
CA WPAT Medline	) Neisseria meningitidis adhesins C	TREMBL ) GENPEPT ) Application SWISS PROT PIR )	nt's sequences					
C.	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	1						
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.					
A	VIRGI, M. Adv. in Exp. Med and Biol. 1996. 40	08: 113-122	ALL					
A	RUDEL, T. et al. Nature 1995. 373: 357-359		ALL					
A	VIRGI, M. et al. Mol Microbiol. 1992. 6(19): 27	ALL						
	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	See patent family an	nex					
"A" docum not co "E" earlier the in "L" docum or wh anoth "O" docum exhib. "P" docum	al categories of cited documents:  ment defining the general state of the art which is misidered to be of particular relevance r application or patent but published on or after ternational filing date ment which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) ich is cited to establish the publication date of er citation or other special reason (as specified) ment referring to an oral disclosure, use, ition or other means ment published prior to the international filing out later than the priority date claimed	priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone  Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art						
	nal completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report 2 1 JAN 1999						
7 January 199 Name and mai	ling address of the ISA/AU	Authorized officer						
AUSTRALIAN PO BOX 200	NPATENT OFFICE		•					
WODEN ACT		GILLIAN ALLEN  Telephone No.: (02) 6283 2266						
racsimile No.:	: (02) 6285 3929							

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

international application No.

PCT/AU 98/01031

Box 1 Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)	
This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:	
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:	
2. Claims Nos.: (A) 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9; (B) 20(1) and 21 because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requireme such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:	
(A) Claims 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9 are not clear. They are essentially to polypeptides which have immunological activit against themselves or their parent organism (Neisseria meningitidis). This concept is virtually meaningles:	y s.
Claims Nos.:  because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of 1 6.4(a)	Rule
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)	
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:	
<ol> <li>As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers searchable claims</li> <li>As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not payment of any additional fee.</li> <li>As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search</li> </ol>	invite
report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:  No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:	h.
Remark on Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.	

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU 98/01031

Box BOX 1 (2)			
	<del>-</del> -		
Antigens do not display immunol	gical activity against themselves,	r the organism from which they deriv	. However,

as far as I can determine, these claims are intended to encompass either:

- (i) antigenic polypeptides or their encoding nucleic acids according to claims 1, 4 or 7, which provide protective immunity to an animal or human against Neisseria meningitidis infection, or
- (ii) antibodies to such antigenic polypeptides.

Since these concepts are covered by other claims the lack of search on these claims does not affect the search coverage of the claims in toto.

(B) Claims 20(1) and 21 are to any antibodies against Neisseria meningitidis. They lack support from the description as they are not limited to antibodies to the polypeptides of the invention.